

High-pressure In-line Pump

Installation/Operating Manual

DPLHS / DPV



CE

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Original operating manual DPLHS / DPV

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Glossary

Certificate of decontamination

A certificate of decontamination is enclosed by the customer when returning the product to the manufacturer to certify that the product has been properly drained to eliminate any environmental and health hazards arising from components in contact with the fluid handled.

Discharge line

The pipeline which is connected to the discharge nozzle

Hydraulic system

The part of the pump in which the kinetic energy is converted into pressure energy

IE3

Efficiency class to IEC 60034-30: 3 = Premium Efficiency (IE = International Efficiency)

Noise characteristics

The noise characteristics are indicated as surface sound pressure level in dB(A).

Pump

Machine without drive, additional components or accessories

Pump set

Complete pump set consisting of pump, drive, additional components and accessories

Suction lift line/suction head line

The pipeline which is connected to the suction nozzle

1 General

1.1 Principles

This operating manual is valid for the type series and variants indicated on the front cover.

The operating manual describes the proper and safe use of this equipment in all phases of operation.

The name plate indicates the type series, the main operating data and the serial number. The serial number uniquely describes the product and is used as identification in all further business processes.

In the event of damage, immediately contact your nearest Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. service facility to maintain the right to claim under warranty.

1.2 Installation of partly completed machinery

To install partly completed machinery supplied by Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. refer to the subsections under Servicing/Maintenance.

1.3 Target group

This operating manual is aimed at the target group of trained and qualified specialist technical personnel. [⇒ Section 2.3, Page 8]

1.4 Other applicable documents

Table 1: Overview of other applicable documents

| Document | Contents |
|---|---|
| Data sheet | Description of the technical data of the pump (set) |
| General arrangement drawing / outline drawing | Description of mating dimensions and installation dimensions for the pump (set), weights |
| Drawing of auxiliary connections | Description of auxiliary connections |
| Hydraulic characteristic curve | Characteristic curves showing head, NPSH required, efficiency and power input |
| General assembly drawing ¹⁾ | Sectional drawing of the pump |
| Sub-supplier product literature ¹⁾ | Operating manuals and other product literature describing accessories and integrated machinery components |
| Spare parts lists ¹⁾ | Description of spare parts |
| Piping layout ¹⁾ | Description of auxiliary piping |
| List of components ¹⁾ | Description of all pump components |
| Assembly drawing ¹⁾ | Sectional drawing of the installed shaft seal |


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For accessories and/or integrated machinery components, observe the relevant manufacturer's product literature.

¹⁾ If included in agreed scope of supply






1.5 Symbols

Table 2: Symbols used in this manual

| Symbol | Description |
|---|--|
| ✓ | Conditions which need to be fulfilled before proceeding with the step-by-step instructions |
| ▷ | Safety instructions |
| ⇒ | Result of an action |
| ⇔ | Cross-references |
| 1. 2. | Step-by-step instructions |
|  | Note Recommendations and important information on how to handle the product |

1.6 Key to safety symbols/markings

Table 3: Definition of safety symbols/markings

| Symbol | Description |
|--|---|
|  DANGER | DANGER This signal word indicates a high-risk hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. |
|  WARNING | WARNING This signal word indicates a medium-risk hazard which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. |
| CAUTION | CAUTION This signal word indicates a hazard which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine and its functions. |
|  | General hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard which will or could result in death or serious injury. |
|  | Electrical hazard In conjunction with one of the signal words this symbol indicates a hazard involving electrical voltage and identifies information about protection against electrical voltage. |
|  | Machine damage In conjunction with the signal word CAUTION this symbol indicates a hazard for the machine and its functions. |

2 Safety



DANGER

All the information contained in this section refers to hazardous situations.

In addition to the present general safety information the action-related safety information given in the other sections must be observed.

2.1 General

- This operating manual contains general installation, operating and maintenance instructions that must be observed to ensure safe operation of the system and prevent personal injury and damage to property.
- Comply with all the safety instructions given in the individual sections of this operating manual.
- The operating manual must be read and understood by the responsible specialist personnel/operators prior to installation and commissioning.
- The contents of this operating manual must be available to the specialist personnel at the site at all times.
- Information and markings attached directly to the product must always be complied with and kept in a perfectly legible condition at all times. This applies to, for example:
 - Arrow indicating the direction of rotation
 - Markings for connections
 - Name plate
- The operator is responsible for ensuring compliance with all local regulations not taken into account.

2.2 Intended use

- The pump (set) must only be operated in the fields of application and within the use limits specified in the other applicable documents. [⇒ Section 1.4, Page 6]
- Only operate pumps/pump sets which are in perfect technical condition.
- Do not operate the pump (set) in partially assembled condition.
- Only use the pump (set) to handle the fluids described in the data sheet or product literature of the pump variant.
- Never operate the pump (set) without the fluid to be handled.
- Observe the minimum flow rate and maximum flow rate indicated in the data sheet or product literature (to prevent overheating, mechanical seal damage, cavitation damage, bearing damage, etc).
- Always operate the pump (set) in the direction of rotation it is intended for.
- Do not throttle the flow rate on the suction side of the pump (to prevent cavitation damage).
- Consult the manufacturer about any use or mode of operation not described in the data sheet or product literature.

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2.3 Personnel qualification and training

All personnel involved must be fully qualified to transport, install, operate, maintain and inspect the machinery this manual refers to.

The responsibilities, competence and supervision of all personnel involved in transport, installation, operation, maintenance and inspection must be clearly defined by the operator.

Deficits in knowledge must be rectified by means of training and instruction provided by sufficiently trained specialist personnel. If required, the operator can commission the manufacturer/supplier to train the personnel.

Training on the pump (set) must always be supervised by technical specialist personnel.

2.4 Consequences and risks caused by non-compliance with this manual

- Non-compliance with these operating instructions will lead to forfeiture of warranty cover and of any and all rights to claims for damages.
- Non-compliance can, for example, have the following consequences:
 - Hazards to persons due to electrical, thermal, mechanical and chemical effects and explosions
 - Failure of important product functions
 - Failure of prescribed maintenance and servicing practices
 - Hazard to the environment due to leakage of hazardous substances

2.5 Safety awareness

In addition to the safety information contained in this operating manual and the intended use, the following safety regulations shall be complied with:

- Accident prevention, health regulations and safety regulations
- Explosion protection regulations
- Safety regulations for handling hazardous substances
- Applicable standards, directives and laws

2.6 Safety information for the operator/user

- Fit protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) supplied by the operator for hot, cold or moving parts, and check that the equipment functions properly.
- Do not remove any protective equipment (e.g. contact guards) during operation.
- Provide the personnel with protective equipment and make sure it is used.
- Contain leakages (e.g. at the shaft seal) of hazardous fluids handled (e.g. explosive, toxic, hot) so as to avoid any danger to persons and the environment. Adhere to all relevant laws.
- Eliminate all electrical hazards. (In this respect refer to the applicable national safety regulations and/or regulations issued by the local energy supply companies.)
- If stopping the pump does not increase potential risk, fit an emergency-stop control device in the immediate vicinity of the pump (set) during pump set installation.

2.7 Safety information for maintenance, inspection and installation

- Modifications or alterations of the pump (set) are only permitted with the manufacturer's prior consent.
- Use only original spare parts or parts/components authorised by the manufacturer. The use of other parts/components can invalidate any liability of the manufacturer for resulting damage.
- The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.
- Only carry out work on the pump (set) during standstill of the pump.
- Only perform work on the pump set when it has been disconnected from the power supply (de-energised).
- The pump (set) must have cooled down to ambient temperature.
- Pump pressure must have been released and the pump must have been drained.

-
- When taking the pump set out of service always adhere to the procedure described in the manual. [⇒ Section 6.3, Page 36]
 - Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.
 - As soon as the work has been completed, re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices. Before returning the product to service, observe all instructions on commissioning. [⇒ Section 6.1, Page 28]

2.8 Unauthorised modes of operation

Never operate the pump (set) outside the limits stated in the data sheet and in this operating manual.

The warranty relating to the operating reliability and safety of the pump (set) supplied is only valid if the equipment is used in accordance with its intended use. [⇒ Section 2.2, Page 8]

3 Transport/Storage/Disposal

3.1 Checking the condition upon delivery

1. On transfer of goods, check each packaging unit for damage.
2. In the event of in-transit damage, assess the exact damage, document it and notify Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. or the supplying dealer and the insurer about the damage in writing immediately.

3.2 Transport

Transporting the pump set



⚠ DANGER

Improper transport

Danger to life from falling parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- Use the attachment point provided for attaching the lifting accessory.
- Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- Use the lifting chain/rope included in the scope of supply exclusively for lowering or lifting the pump set into/out of the pump sump.
- Securely attach the lifting chain/rope to the pump and crane.
- Use tested, marked and approved lifting accessories only.
- Observe the regional transport regulations.
- Observe the documentation of the lifting accessory manufacturer.
- The load-carrying capacity of the lifting accessory must be higher than the weight indicated on the name plate of the pump set to be lifted. Take into account any additional system components to be lifted.
- Maintain a safe distance during lifting operations (load may swing when being lifted).



⚠ WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

To transport the pump/pump set suspend it from the lifting tackle as shown.

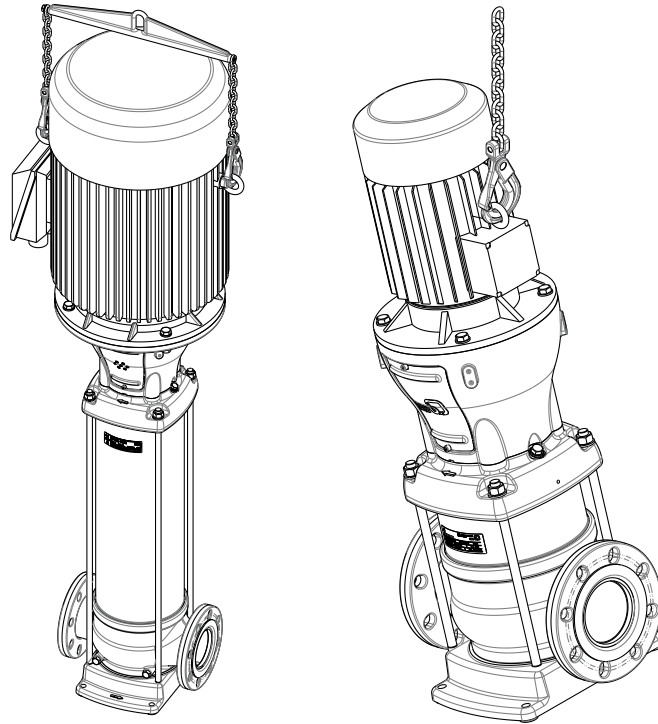


Fig. 1: Transporting the pump set

Placing down the pump set



WARNING

Incorrect positioning/placing down

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Position the pump set vertically with the motor on top.
- Use appropriate means to secure the pump set against tilting and tipping over.
- Refer to the weights given in the data sheet/on the name plate.

3.2.1 Transporting the pump set with frequency inverter



WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Have this work performed exclusively by trained personnel.
- Observe the product literature provided by the frequency inverter's manufacturer, especially for installation and transport.

Pump sets with a frequency inverter are dispatched as follows:

- **Frequency inverter ≤ 7.5 kW**
The frequency inverter is mounted on the motor prior to dispatch.
- **Frequency inverter > 7.5 kW**
The frequency inverter is dispatched separately to prevent the risk of the pump set tipping over.

3.3 Storage/preservation

If commissioning is to take place some time after delivery, take the following measures:



CAUTION

Damage during storage due to humidity, dirt or vermin

Corrosion/contamination of pump (set)!

- For outdoor storage cover the pump (set) and accessories with waterproof material and protect against condensation.

- Store the pump set in dry, vibration-free conditions and in its original packaging.
- Fill some antifreeze (e.g. ethylene glycol) into the pump to protect it from frost/freezing.
- Manually rotate the shaft once every three months as well as shortly before start-up.
- Spray the inside of the mechanical seal chamber with a preservative to prevent seizure of the mechanical seal.

Table 4: Ambient conditions for storage

| Ambient condition | Value |
|---------------------|---|
| Relative humidity | 5 % to 80 % ²⁾ (non-condensing) |
| Ambient temperature | -10 °C to +40 °C ³⁾ |

3.4 Disposal



WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.

1. Dismantle the pump (set).
Collect greases and other lubricants during dismantling.
2. Separate and sort the pump materials, e.g. by:
 - Metals
 - Plastics
 - Electronic waste
 - Greases and other lubricants
3. Dispose of materials in accordance with local regulations or in another controlled manner.

3.5 Return to supplier

1. Drain the pump properly. [⇒ Section 7.3, Page 40]
2. Flush and clean the pump, particularly if it has been used for handling noxious, explosive, hot or other hazardous fluids.

² At +20 °C

³ Optional: -10 °C to +55 °C

3. If the pump has handled fluids whose residues could lead to corrosion damage in the presence of atmospheric humidity or could ignite upon contact with oxygen, the pump must also be neutralised, and anhydrous inert gas must be blown through the pump to ensure drying.
4. Always complete and enclose a certificate of decontamination when returning the pump. Indicate any safety measures and decontamination measures taken.
[⇒ Section 11, Page 69]

**NOTE**

If required, a blank certificate of decontamination can be downloaded from the following web site: www.dp.nl/certificates-of-decontamination

4 Description of the Pump (Set)

4.1 General description

- High-pressure in-line pump

Pump for handling clean or slightly aggressive aqueous fluids.

4.2 Product information

4.2.1 Product information as per Regulation No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

For information as per chemicals Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), see <https://www.dp.nl/reach>.

4.2.2 Product Information as per Regulation No. 547/2012 (for water pumps with a maximum shaft power of 150 kW) implementing "Ecodesign" Directive 2009/125/EC

- Minimum efficiency index: see name plate, key to name plate
- The benchmark for the most efficient water pumps is $MEI \geq 0.70$.
- Year of construction: see name plate, key to name plate
- Manufacturer's name or trade mark, commercial registration number and place of manufacture: see data sheet or order documentation
- Product's type and size identifier: see name plate, key to name plate
- Hydraulic pump efficiency (%) with trimmed impeller: see data sheet
- Pump performance curves, including efficiency characteristics: see documented characteristic curve
- The efficiency of a pump with a trimmed impeller is usually lower than that of a pump with the full impeller diameter. Trimming of the impeller will adapt the pump to a fixed duty point, leading to reduced energy consumption. The minimum efficiency index (MEI) is based on the full impeller diameter.
- Operation of this water pump with variable duty points may be more efficient and economic when controlled, for example, by the use of a variable speed drive that matches the pump duty to the system.
- Information on dismantling, recycling and disposal after decommissioning:
[⇒ Section 3.4, Page 13]
- Information on benchmark efficiency or benchmark efficiency graph for $MEI = 0.70$ (0.40) for the pump based on the model shown in the Figure are available at: www.europump.org/efficiencycharts

4.3 Designation

Example: DPVS F 40/10 -LB

Table 5: Designation key

| Code | Description | |
|------|--|---|
| DP | Label | |
| VS | Material variant | |
| | VC | Stainless steel 1.4301 / grey cast iron EN-GJL-250 |
| | V | Stainless steel 1.4301 |
| | VM | Stainless steel 1.4301 |
| | VS | Stainless steel 1.4404 |
| F | Connections | |
| | | Oval flange with internal thread |
| | E | Male thread (with lift check valve insert) |
| | F | Round flange |
| | T | Tri-clamp fittings |
| | V | Victaulic couplings |
| 40 | Size (flow rate in m ³ /h at Q _{opt}) | |
| /10 | Number of stages, e.g. 10 | |
| -L | Special stages | |
| | -1 | 1 stage with reduced-head impeller |
| | -2 | 2 stages with reduced-head impellers |
| | -L | First stage with low-NPSH impeller |
| | -V | Reduced-head impeller or impeller for lower NPSH values |
| | -W | Two reduced-head impellers or one impeller for lower NPSH values. |
| B | Version | |
| | B | |
| | C | |

Example: DP LHS 6-200

Table 6: Designation key

| Code | Description | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| DP | Label | |
| LHS | Material variant | |
| | LHS | Vertical pump in higher-grade AISI 316 (1.4401) - 40 bar |
| - ⁴⁾ | Round flanges to DIN or ASME | |
| 6 | Size (flow rate in m ³ /h at Q _{opt}) | |
| -200 | Number of stages x10 | |

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⁴ Blank

4.4 Name plate

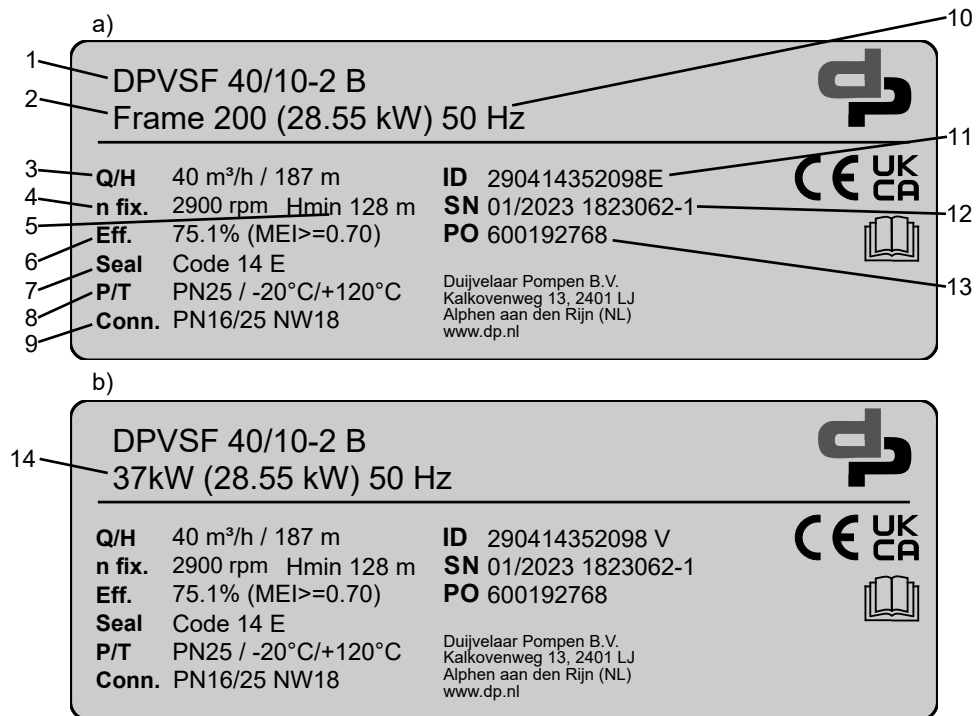


Fig. 2: Name plate (example): a) Pump without motor b) Pump with motor

| | | | |
|----|---|----|---|
| 1 | Designation | 2 | Frame size |
| 3 | Flow rate and head ⁵⁾ at rated speed | 4 | Rated speed |
| 5 | Minimum head | 6 | Hydraulic efficiency ⁵⁾ at rated speed |
| 7 | Mechanical seal (code, design) | 8 | Maximum pressure at specified temperature/maximum temperature at specified pressure |
| 9 | Pressure class | 10 | Rated frequency |
| 11 | Order number | 12 | Week of production / year of production and order No. |
| 13 | Purchase order number | 14 | Rated motor power |

4.5 Design details

Design

- High-pressure in-line pump
- Maximum pressure class PN 40
- Centrifugal pump
- Single-stage or multistage

Installation

- Horizontal installation / vertical installation

⁵⁾ At best efficiency point (QBEP)

Drive

- Surface-cooled Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. squirrel-cage motor
- 3~230/400 V up to 2.2 kW
- 3~400/690 V from 3.0 kW
- Thermal class F to IEC 34-1
- Efficiency class IE3 to IEC 60034-30 (for three-phase motors ≥ 0.75 kW)
- Enclosure IP55
- Frequency 50 Hz

Motor ≥ 3 kW:

- PTC thermistor

Automation

Automation options:

- PumpDrive
- PumpMeter

Shaft seal

- Uncooled maintenance-free mechanical seal
- To EN 12756
- Fixed mechanical seal
 - Mechanical seal in standard design
 - Unbalanced bellows-type seal
 - ≤ 25 bar
 - Available up to size 15
- Easy Access mechanical seal
 - Easy to replace
 - Unbalanced bellows-type seal
 - ≤ 25 bar
 - Drive lantern need not be removed to replace the seal.
 - Motor rating 5.5 kW and above: Motor need not be removed.
 - Available up to size 85B⁶⁾
- Cartridge seal
 - Unbalanced bellows-type design (PN 25) or special balanced design (PN 40)
 - Drive lantern need not be removed to replace the seal.
 - Motor rating 5.5 kW and above: Motor need not be removed.
 - Optionally available for all pump sizes except DPLHS
 - Available for all sizes

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Bearings

- Product-lubricated stage bearing (tungsten carbide / aluminium oxide)

⁶⁾ With the exception of design DPLHS

4.6 Configuration and function

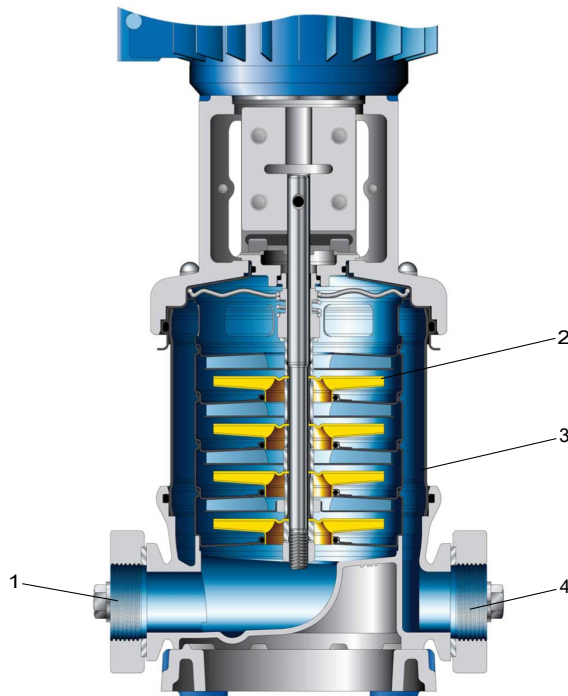


Fig. 3: Sectional drawing

| | | | |
|---|----------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | Suction nozzle | 3 | Pump shroud |
| 2 | Impeller | 4 | Discharge nozzle |

Design The pump is designed with a radial fluid inlet (suction nozzle) and a radial outlet (discharge nozzle) arranged on the same axis. The hydraulic system is rigidly connected to the motor by a shaft coupling.

Function During pump operation, a lower pressure forms at the impeller inlet. This lower pressure makes the fluid enter the pump via the suction nozzle (1). Each stage consists of one impeller (2) and one diffuser. The flow through a stage equals the flow rate of the pump. The stage diameter is related to the centrifugal forces and the stage pressure. The more stages, the higher the pressure. The fluid is guided outwards to the area between the pump stages and the pump shroud (3), from where it leaves the pump via the discharge nozzle (4).

Sealing The pump is sealed by a standardised mechanical seal.

4.7 Noise characteristics

The noise characteristics given refer to the motor. See motor literature supplied.

4.8 Scope of supply

Depending on the model, the following items are included in the scope of supply:


- Pump
- Electric motor


4.9 Dimensions and weights


For dimensions and weights refer to the general arrangement drawing/outline drawing or data sheet of the pump set.

5 Installation at Site

5.1 Safety regulations


| | |
|---|---|
|  | <p>⚠ DANGER Installation in potentially explosive atmospheres Explosion hazard!</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▷ Never install the pump in potentially explosive atmospheres.▷ Observe the information given in the data sheet and on the name plates of the pump system. |
|---|---|

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>⚠ WARNING Top-heavy product Damage to the pump set due to tipping over! Danger to life resulting from pump set tipping over!</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▷ Special caution must be taken when handling pump sets with frequency inverters.▷ Always attach and fasten the pump set properly before removing any transport equipment or lifting equipment. |
|---|--|

| | |
|--|---|
|  | <p>⚠ WARNING Pump with long-term preservation: Harmful preservatives in drinking water systems Danger of poisoning!</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▷ Prior to commissioning / start-up, flush the system and pump set.▷ If necessary, dismantle the pump and thoroughly remove the preservative from all wetted components.▷ Observe the data given in the order confirmation. |
|--|---|

5.2 Checks to be carried out prior to installation

Place of installation

| | |
|---|--|
|  | <p>⚠ WARNING Installation on a mounting surface which is unsecured and cannot support the load Personal injury and damage to property!</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▷ Use a concrete of compressive strength class C12/15 which meets the requirements of exposure class XC1 to EN 206.▷ The mounting surface must be set, even, and level.▷ Observe the weights indicated. |
|---|--|

1. Check the structural requirements.
All structural work required must have been prepared in accordance with the dimensions stated in the outline drawing/general arrangement drawing.

5.3 Installing the pump set



CAUTION

Ingress of leakage into the motor

Damage to the pump!

- Never install the pump set with the "motor below".

1. Install and fasten the pump set on a sturdy and level foundation in a dry and frost-proof room.
2. Make sure that sufficient air can reach the fan opening of the motor.
(The clearance above the fan opening must measure at least $\frac{1}{4}$ of the diameter of the fan cover air intake.)
3. Place a spirit level on the discharge nozzle to align the pump set.
4. Make sure that no clogging can occur in the suction nozzle of the pump.

5.4 Piping

5.4.1 Connecting the piping



DANGER

Impermissible loads acting on the pump nozzles

Danger to life from leakage of hot, toxic, corrosive or flammable fluids!

- Do not use the pump as an anchorage point for the piping.
- Anchor the pipes in close proximity to the pump and connect them properly without transmitting any stresses or strains.
- Take appropriate measures to compensate for thermal expansion of the piping.



CAUTION

Incorrect earthing during welding work at the piping

Destruction of rolling element bearings (pitting effect)!

- Never earth the electric welding equipment on the pump or baseplate.
- Prevent current flowing through the rolling element bearings.



NOTE

Installing check and shut-off elements in the system is recommended, depending on the type of plant and pump. However, such elements must not obstruct proper drainage or hinder disassembly of the pump.

- ✓ Suction lift lines suction lift line have been laid with a rising slope, suction head lines with a downward slope towards the pump.
 - ✓ A flow stabilisation section having a length equivalent to at least twice the diameter of the suction flange has been provided upstream of the suction flange.
 - ✓ The nominal diameters of the pipelines are equal to or greater than the nominal diameters of the pump nozzles. As far as the nominal diameters in the suction and discharge line, and installation of check valves and shut-off elements in a fire protection system are concerned, observe the sizing specifications in the relevant directives.
 - ✓ Adapters to larger nominal diameters are designed with a diffuser angle of approx. 8° to avoid excessive pressure losses.
 - ✓ The pipelines have been anchored in close proximity to the pump and connected without transmitting any stresses or strains.
1. Thoroughly clean, flush and blow through all vessels, pipelines and connections (especially of new installations).
 2. Before installing the pump in the piping, remove the flange covers on the suction and discharge nozzles of the pump.



CAUTION

Welding beads, scale and other impurities in the piping

Damage to the pump!

- Remove any impurities from the piping.
- If necessary, install a filter.

3. If required, install a filter in the piping (see figure: Filter in the piping).

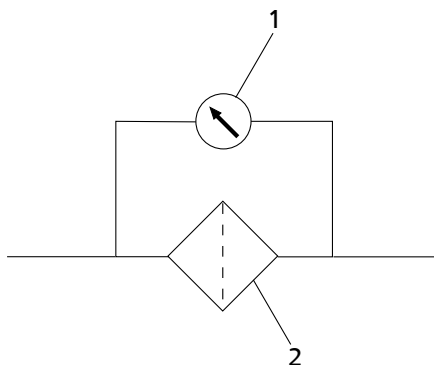


Fig. 4: Filter in the piping

| | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--------|
| 1 | Differential pressure gauge | 2 | Filter |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--------|



NOTE

Use a filter with laid-in wire mesh (mesh width 0.5 mm, wire diameter 0.25 mm) of corrosion-resistant material.

Use a filter with a filter area three times the cross-section of the piping.

Conical filters have proved suitable.

4. Connect the pump nozzles to the piping.



CAUTION

Aggressive flushing liquid and pickling agent

Damage to the pump!

- Match the cleaning operation mode and duration of flushing and pickling to the casing materials and seal materials used.

5.4.2 Permissible forces and moments at the pump nozzles

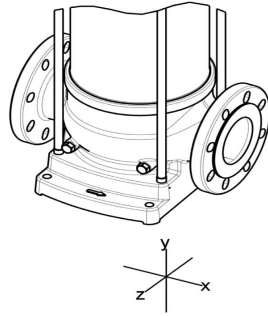


Fig. 5: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles

| Direction of forces | |
|----------------------|---|
| F_x | Horizontal, parallel to the pump axis |
| F_y | Vertical to the pump axis |
| F_z | Horizontal, at a right angle to the pump axis |
| Direction of moments | |
| M_x | Around the horizontal axis, parallel to the pump axis |
| M_y | Around the vertical nozzle axis |
| M_z | Around the horizontal axis, at a right angle to the pump axis |

Forces and moments at the pump nozzles

Table 7: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles DPV(S)F

| Size | DN | F_x | F_y | F_z | ΣF | M_x | M_y | M_z | ΣM |
|--------------|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| | [mm] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] |
| 2B | 25 | 3300 | -2400 | 1700 | 4420 | 280 | 95 | -210 | 360 |
| 4B | 25 | 3300 | -2400 | 1700 | 4420 | 280 | 95 | -210 | 360 |
| 6B | 32 | 3300 | -2400 | 1700 | 4420 | 280 | 95 | -210 | 360 |
| 10B | 40 | 4000 | -3100 | 3100 | 5930 | 440 | 180 | -200 | 520 |
| 15B | 50 | 4000 | -3100 | 3100 | 5930 | 440 | 180 | -200 | 520 |
| 15C | 50 | 4000 | -3100 | 3100 | 5930 | 440 | 180 | -200 | 520 |
| 25B | 65 | 3200 | -3500 | 3500 | 5890 | 1000 | 230 | -400 | 1100 |
| 40B PN 16/25 | 80 | 4000 | -1800 | 2000 | 4820 | 400 | 200 | -300 | 540 |
| 40B PN 40 | 80 | 3700 | -3300 | 3700 | 6190 | 975 | 240 | -450 | 1100 |
| 60B PN 16/25 | 100 | 4000 | -1800 | 2000 | 4820 | 400 | 200 | -300 | 540 |
| 60B PN 40 | 100 | 3700 | -3300 | 3700 | 6190 | 975 | 240 | -450 | 1100 |
| 85B | 100 | 3500 | -2500 | 1000 | 4420 | 750 | 500 | -625 | 1100 |
| 125B PN16 | 125 | 4400 | -1700 | 1700 | 5010 | 600 | 425 | -425 | 850 |
| 125B PN25 | 125 | 7000 | -2620 | 2620 | 7920 | 1000 | 655 | -655 | 1360 |

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Table 8: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles DPVCF

| Size | DN | F_x | F_y | F_z | ΣF | M_x | M_y | M_z | ΣM |
|------|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| | [mm] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] |
| 2B | 25 | 9400 | -3200 | 3200 | 10430 | 600 | 300 | -360 | 760 |
| 4B | 25 | 9400 | -3200 | 3200 | 10430 | 600 | 300 | -360 | 760 |
| 6B | 32 | 9400 | -3200 | 3200 | 10430 | 600 | 300 | -360 | 760 |
| 10B | 40 | 8000 | -2000 | 3200 | 8850 | 460 | 460 | -500 | 820 |
| 15B | 50 | 8000 | -2000 | 3200 | 8850 | 460 | 460 | -500 | 820 |
| 15C | 50 | 8000 | -2000 | 3200 | 8850 | 460 | 460 | -500 | 820 |
| 25B | 65 | 5000 | -2000 | 2500 | 5940 | 1000 | 300 | -300 | 1090 |

| Size | DN | F _x | F _y | F _z | ∑ F | M _x | M _y | M _z | ∑ M |
|-----------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| | [mm] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] |
| 40B | 80 | 6000 | -3000 | 3000 | 7350 | 1800 | 1000 | -1000 | 2290 |
| 60B | 100 | 6000 | -3000 | 3000 | 7350 | 1800 | 1000 | -1000 | 2290 |
| 85B | 100 | 6200 | -4100 | 4100 | 8490 | 2000 | 1200 | -1200 | 2620 |
| 125B PN16 | 125 | 4400 | -1700 | 1700 | 5010 | 600 | 425 | -425 | 850 |
| 125B PN25 | 125 | 7000 | -2620 | 2620 | 7920 | 1000 | 650 | -650 | 1360 |

Table 9: Forces and moments at the pump nozzles DPLHS

| Size | DN | F _x | F _y | F _z | ∑ F | M _x | M _y | M _z | ∑ M |
|------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------|
| | [mm] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [N] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] | [Nm] |
| 6 | 32 | 8000 | -2000 | 3200 | 8800 | 460 | 460 | -500 | 800 |

5.5 Fitting a bypass



NOTE

If the pump is operated against a closed valve, installing a bypass is recommended.
The bypass capacity must correspond to at least the minimum permissible volume flow rate.

5.6 Connection to power supply



⚠ DANGER

Incorrect connection

Explosion hazard!

- The connection point of the cable ends must be located outside hazardous areas or in an area approved for electrical equipment.



⚠ DANGER

Operating an incompletely connected pump set

Damage to the pump set!

- Never start up a pump set with incompletely connected cables or non-operational monitoring devices.



⚠ DANGER

Connection of damaged electric cables

Danger of death from electric shock!

- Check the electric cables for any damage before connecting them.
- Never connect damaged electric cables.
- Replace damaged electric cables.



⚠ DANGER

Electrical connection work by unqualified personnel

Danger to life from electric shock

- Always have the electrical connections installed by a trained electrician.
- Observe regulation IEC 60364 as well as the applicable regional regulations.



WARNING

Incorrect connection to the mains

Damage to the power supply network, short circuit!

- ▷ Observe the technical specifications of the local energy supply companies.



CAUTION

Improper routing of electric cables

Damage to the electric cables!

- ▷ Never move the electric cables at temperatures below -25 °C.
- ▷ Never kink or crush the electric cables.
- ▷ Never lift the pump set by the electric cables.
- ▷ Adjust the length of the electric cables to the site requirements.



CAUTION

Pump (set) overload

Damage to the machinery!

- ▷ Protect the motor by a thermal time-lag overload protection device in accordance with IEC 947 and local regulations.
(If the pump is used in a fire protection system as the main fire-fighting pump, the pump must not be tripped automatically by motor protection devices!)
- ▷ Make sure that the motor's specifications match those of the power supply it will be connected to.

For electrical connection observe the wiring diagrams in the Annex and the information for planning the control system.

If a motor of a different make is used, observe the relevant operating instructions.

The pump set is supplied with power cables as standard. Always use all cables provided and connect all marked cores of the control cable.

The permissible rated current of the motor supplied is shown on the motor name plate. It describes the permissible operating range of the motor and can be used for setting the overload protection device. If the actual power input is measured during operation, the motor protection switch can be pre-set to a lower value to protect the pump set.

This current value can also be used to select appropriate electrical equipment such as frequency inverter, master switch, conductor diameter, etc.

5.6.1 Overload protection device

Standard motors ≥ 3 kW are equipped with three PTC thermistors.

Table 10: PTC thermistors technical data

| Characteristic | Value |
|--|----------------|
| t_n [°C] | 140 |
| $R_{20^\circ\text{C}}$ [Ω] | ~ 20 |
| $R_{Tn-20^\circ\text{C}}$ [Ω] | ~ 250 |
| $R_{Tn-5^\circ\text{C}}$ [Ω] | < 550 |
| $R_{Tn+5^\circ\text{C}}$ [Ω] | > 1330 |
| $R_{Tn+15^\circ\text{C}}$ [Ω] | > 4000 |
| U_n [V DC] | $2,5 < U < 30$ |

1. Protect the pump set against overloading by a thermal time-lag overload protection device in accordance with IEC 947 and local regulations.
2. Connect the PTC thermistor to a thermistor relay.

5.6.2 Earthing



⚠ DANGER

Electrostatic charging

Damage to the pump set!

- ▷ Connect the potential equalisation conductor to the earthing terminal provided.
- ▷ Provide potential equalisation between the pump set and the foundation.

5.7 Checking the direction of rotation



⚠ DANGER

Temperature increase resulting from contact between rotating and stationary components

Damage to the pump set!

- ▷ Never check the direction of rotation by starting up the unfilled pump set.
- ▷ Separate the pump from the motor to check the direction of rotation.



⚠ WARNING

Hands inside the pump casing

Risk of injuries, damage to the pump!

- ▷ Always disconnect the pump set from the power supply and secure it against unintentional start-up before inserting your hands or other objects into the pump.



CAUTION

Drive and pump running in the wrong direction of rotation

Damage to the pump!

- ▷ Refer to the arrow indicating the direction of rotation on the pump.
- ▷ Check the direction of rotation. If required, check the electrical connection and correct the direction of rotation.

The correct direction of rotation of the motor and pump is clockwise (seen from the drive end).

1. Start the motor and stop it again immediately to determine the motor's direction of rotation.
2. Check the direction of rotation.
The motor's direction of rotation must match the arrow indicating the direction of rotation on the pump.
3. If the motor is running in the wrong direction of rotation, check the electrical connection of the motor and the control system, if applicable.

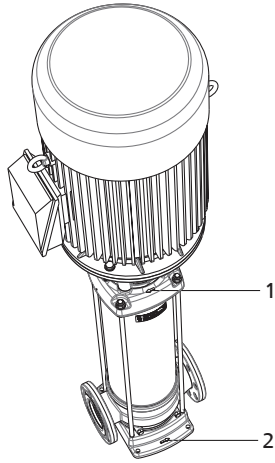


Fig. 6: Direction of fluid flow and arrow indicating the direction of rotation

| | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1 | Direction of rotation of the motor | 2 | Direction of fluid flow |
|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|

6 Commissioning/Start-up/Shutdown

6.1 Commissioning/Start-up

6.1.1 Prerequisites for commissioning/start-up

Before commissioning/starting up the pump set, make sure that the following conditions are met:

- The pump set has been installed correctly.
- The pump set has been flushed and disinfected in accordance with local requirements.
- The pump set has been properly connected to the power supply and is equipped with all protection devices.
- The pump has been filled with the fluid to be handled. The pump has been vented.
- The direction of rotation has been checked.
- All auxiliary connections required are connected and operational.
- Pump shaft and motor shaft are running smoothly and without any excessive noise.
- After prolonged shutdown of the pump (set), the activities required for returning the equipment to service have been carried out. [⇒ Section 6.4, Page 36]
- The coupling guard (681) and/or the ATEX-compliant external protection device (680), if any, have been mounted.
- Take care to secure the pump against external damage.

The following must be ensured for a pump with a thrust bearing housing:

- The axial clearance between the thrust bearing housing and the motor shaft is set correctly.

6.1.2 Priming and venting the pump



DANGER

Formation of a potentially explosive atmosphere inside the pump

Explosion hazard!

- Before starting up the pump set, vent the pump and suction line and prime both with the fluid to be handled.



CAUTION

Increased wear due to dry running

Damage to the pump set!

- Never operate the pump set without liquid fill.
- Never close the shut-off element in the suction line and/or supply line during pump operation.

Priming in an open or closed circuit with sufficient supply pressure

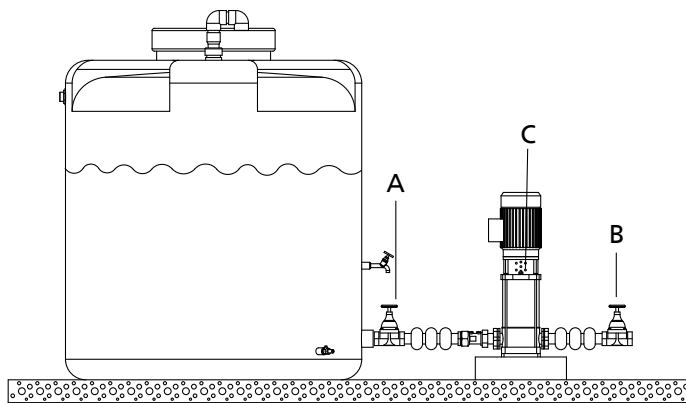


Fig. 7: Pump with open or closed circuit

| | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| A | Shut-off element in the suction line | B | Shut-off element in the discharge line |
| C | Filler opening | | |

1. Close the shut-off element in suction line A and the shut-off element in discharge line B.
2. Open filler opening C.
3. Open the shut-off element in suction line A gradually until fluid escapes from filler opening C.
4. Close filler opening C.
5. Fully open the shut-off element in suction line A.
6. Fully open the shut-off element in discharge line B.

Priming in open circuit with fluid level below the pump

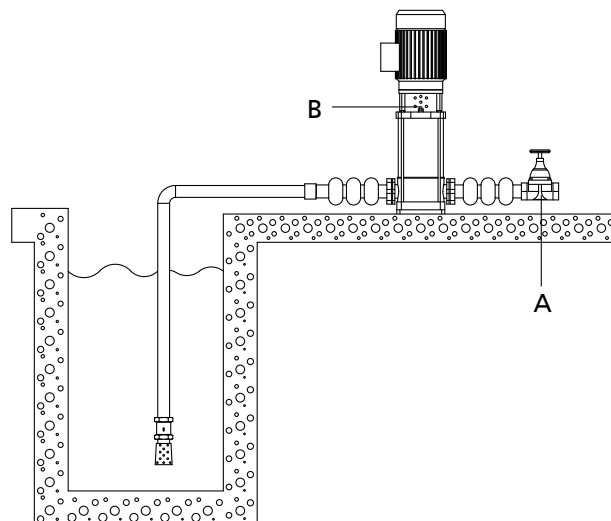


Fig. 8: Pump with open circuit and fluid level below the pump

| | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------|
| A | Shut-off element in the discharge line | B | Filler opening |
|---|--|---|----------------|

1. Remove the plug of filler opening B from the upper support bracket.
2. Close the shut-off element in discharge line A.
3. Fill fluid into the pump casing through filler opening B until the fluid reaches the maximum fill level.

4. Close filler opening B.
5. Fully open the shut-off element in discharge line A.

Venting

The pump can be vented via the corresponding connections when it is not in operation.

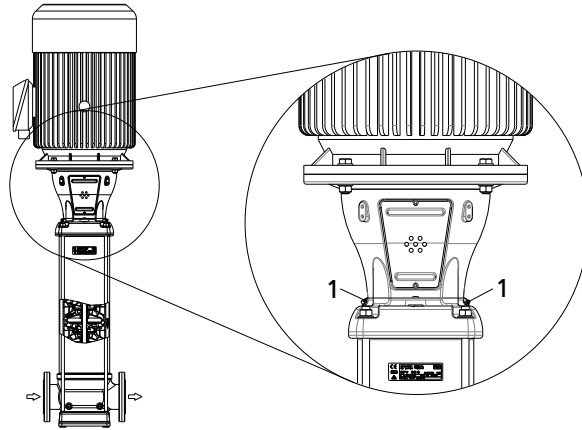


Fig. 9: Vent connections

| | |
|---|------------------|
| 1 | Vent connections |
|---|------------------|

6.1.3 Checking the shaft seal

Mechanical seal The mechanical seal only leaks slightly or invisibly (as vapour) during operation. Mechanical seals are maintenance-free. Shaft seal failure can lead to increased leakage.

6.2 Operating limits



DANGER

Non-compliance with operating limits

Damage to the pump set!

- Comply with the operating data indicated in the data sheet.
- Avoid operation against a closed shut-off element.
- Never operate the pump set outside the limits specified below.



DANGER

Non-compliance with operating limits for the fluid handled

Explosion hazard!

- Never use the pump to handle different fluids which might react chemically with each other.
- Never use the pump to handle a flammable fluid with a fluid temperature above the ignition temperature.



CAUTION

Excessive temperature difference between the fluid handled and the pump

Damage to the machinery!

- ▷ The temperature difference between the fluid handled and the pump must never exceed 60 °C.
- ▷ If the temperature difference between the pump and the fluid handled exceeds 30 °C, prime/heat up the pump slowly to avoid any risk of thermal shock.

The operating range depends on the application as well as on the combination of pressure and temperature.

Table 11: Specified operating range

| Characteristic | Operating range |
|--|----------------------------|
| Ambient temperature [°C] ⁷⁾ | -20 to 40 |
| Minimum inlet pressure | $NPSH_{req} + 1 \text{ m}$ |
| Viscosity [cSt] ⁸⁾ | 1 - 100 |
| Density [kg/m ³] ⁸⁾ | 1000 - 2500 |
| Frequency [Hz] ⁹⁾ | 30 - 60 |
| Maximum number of starts per hour ¹⁰⁾ | See motor data sheet |
| Permissible particle size [mm] | 0,005 - 1 |
| Cooling ¹¹⁾ | Forced cooling |

6.2.1 Pressure limits and temperature limits

6.2.1.1 Pressure limits and temperature limits of the pump set

DPLHS

Table 12: Pressure limits and temperature limits

| Size | p | T |
|------|-------|------|
| | [bar] | [°C] |
| 6 | 40 | 120 |

DPV B, C

The pump's pressure limits and temperature limits are indicated on the name plate.

⁷ If the ambient temperature exceeds the permissible maximum or if the motor is located more than 1000 metres above sea level, the motor cooling is less effective and the motor might have to be de-rated. The motor load depends on the installation altitude above sea level or on the ambient temperature. For detailed recommendations contact your sales house.

⁸ Fluctuations could require de-rating of the motor. For more detailed recommendations contact your sales house.

⁹ Pumps which are selected for 50 Hz must not be connected to a 60 Hz mains.

¹⁰ Excessive starting/stopping, particularly in combination with high pressure differences (Δp) may reduce the service life of the product.

¹¹ The clearance above the fan openings of the motor must measure at least 1/4 of the diameter of the fan openings to allow the (cooling) air to circulate properly.

6.2.1.2 Pressure and temperature limits of the shaft seal

Table 13: Pressure and temperature limits of the shaft seal

| Seal code | Type | Mechanical seal | | | | | T | | Pressure [bar] | Certification |
|-----------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------|---|---|------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Material | | Design | | | Min. | Max. | | |
| | | Mechanical seal | Shaft seal ring | F | E | C | [°C] | [°C] | | |
| 11 | M12G-G60 | BQ1EGG | Ca/SiC/EPDM | X | X | X | -20 | +100 | 10 | - |
| 12 | M12G-G60 | BQ1VGG | Ca/SiC/FPM | X | X | X | -20 | +120 | 10 | - |
| 13 | RMG12-G606 | Q1BEGG | SiC/Ca/EPDM | X | X | X | -20 | +100 | 25 | WRAS |
| 14 | RMG12-G606 | Q1BVGG | SiC/Ca/FPM | X | X | X | -20 | +120 | 25 | - |
| 15 | RMG12-G606 | U3U3X4GG | TuC/TuC/HNBR | X | X | X | -20 | +120 ¹²⁾ | 25 | - |
| 16 | RMG12-G606 | U3U3VGG | TuC/TuC/FPM | X | X | X | -20 | +120 ¹²⁾ | 25 | - |
| 17 | M37GN2/16-00-R | U3BVGG ¹³⁾ | TuC/Ca/FPM ¹³⁾ | X | - | - | -20 | +120 ¹⁴⁾ | 40 | - |
| 18 | RMG12-G606 | U3BEGG | TuC/Ca/EPDM | X | X | X | -20 | +120 ¹²⁾ | 25 | - |
| 19 | M37GN2/16-00-R | U3BEGG ¹³⁾ | TuC/Ca/EPDM ¹³⁾ | X | - | - | -20 | +120 ¹⁴⁾ | 40 | - |
| 20 | H7N | Q1AEGG ¹⁵⁾ | SiC/Ca/EPDM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |
| 21 | H7N | Q1AVGG ¹⁵⁾ | SiC/Ca/FPM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |
| 22 | H7N | Q1AX4GG | SiC/Ca/HNBR | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |
| 23 | RMG12-G606 | Q1BEGG | SiC/Ca/EPDM | X | X | X | -20 | +100 | 25 | - |
| 24 | MG12-G60 | Q1Q1VGG | SiC/SiC/FPM | X | X | X | -20 | +120 | 10 | - |
| 28 | MG12-G60 | Q1Q1X4GG | SiC/SiC/HNBR | X | X | X | -20 | +120 | 10 | - |
| 29 | MG12-G60 | Q1Q1EGG | SiC/SiC/EPDM | X | X | X | -20 | +100 | 10 | - |
| 35 | RMG12-G6 | eCarb-B eSic-Q7EGG | eCa/eSiC/EPDM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 | 25 | WRAS |
| 36 | MG12-G6 | eCarb-B eSic-Q7VGG | eCa/eSiC/FPM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 | 25 | - |
| 37 | RMG12-G606 | U3AVGG | TuC/Ca/FPM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹²⁾ | 25 | - |
| 40 | 4MC | Q1Q1EGG ¹⁷⁾ | SiC/SiC EPDM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |

¹²⁾ Up to +140 °C if the pressure does not exceed 16 bar

¹³⁾ For DPLHS

¹⁴⁾ Up to +80 °C if the pressure does not exceed 40 bar

¹⁵⁾ For DPV 85

¹⁶⁾ Up to +140 °C if the pressure does not exceed 25 bar

¹⁷⁾ DPV 2B, 4B, 6B, 10B, 15B/C, 25B, 40B, 60B

| Seal code | Type | Mechanical seal | | | | | T | | Pressure [bar] | Certification |
|-----------|------|------------------------|-----------------|--------|---|---|------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | Material | | Design | | | Min. | Max. | | |
| | | Mechanical seal | Shaft seal ring | F | E | C | [°C] | [°C] | | |
| 41 | 4MC | Q1AEGG ¹⁷⁾ | SiC/Ca EPDM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |
| 42 | 4MC | Q1Q1VGG ¹⁷⁾ | SiC/SiC FPM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |
| 43 | 4MC | Q1AVGG ¹⁷⁾ | SiC/Ca FPM | - | - | X | -20 | +120 ¹⁶⁾ | 40 | - |

Table 14: Key to mechanical seal materials

| Description | Code to EN 12756 | Seal face materials / secondary seals |
|-------------------|------------------|---|
| Primary ring | B | Hard carbon, resin-impregnated |
| | U3 | Tungsten carbide (CrNiMo binder) |
| | Q1 | Silicon carbide (sintered without pressure) |
| | eCarb-B | Carbon graphite, resin-impregnated |
| Mating ring | A | Carbon graphite, antimony-impregnated |
| | B | Hard carbon, resin-impregnated |
| | U3 | Tungsten carbide (CrNiMo binder) |
| | Q1 | Silicon carbide (sintered without pressure) |
| | eSic-Q7 | Silicon carbide |
| Elastomer | E | EPDM (ethylene propylene rubber) |
| | V | FPM (fluoroelastomer) |
| | X4 | HNBR |
| Spring | G | CrNiMo steel |
| Other metal parts | G | CrNiMo steel |



6.2.2 Rated current and maximum current

DPLHS

The maximum permissible rated current of the motor supplied is indicated on the motor name plate as I_{max} .

This maximum permissible current indicates the motor's maximum operating range and can be used for setting the overload protection device. The actual current input at 400 V is shown on the pump name plate as I_{nom} . It can be used to pre-set the motor protection switch in order to protect the pump set.

This current value can also be used to select appropriate electrical equipment such as frequency inverter, master switch, conductor diameter, etc.

DPV B, C

The permissible rated current of the motor supplied is shown on the motor name plate. It describes the permissible operating range of the motor and can be used for setting the overload protection device. If the actual power input is measured during operation, the motor protection switch can be pre-set to a lower value to protect the pump set.

This current value can also be used to select appropriate electrical equipment such as frequency inverter, master switch, conductor diameter, etc.

6.2.3 Fluid handled

6.2.3.1 Density of the fluid handled

The power input of the pump set will change in proportion to the density of the fluid handled.



CAUTION

Impermissibly high density of the fluid handled

Motor overload!

- ▷ Observe the information about fluid density in the data sheet.
- ▷ Make sure the motor has sufficient power reserves.

6.2.3.2 Minimum flow rate and maximum permissible flow rate



WARNING

Operating the pump set at low flow

Temperature increase caused by insufficient flow!

- ▷ Always operate the pump set at the permissible flow rates.
- ▷ If lower flow rates are to be expected, use a bypass.



WARNING

Operating the pump set when the conductivity of the fluid handled is too low

Build-up of static electricity in the pump!

- ▷ Never handle fluids with a conductivity ≤ 50 pS/m



CAUTION

Operation below the NPSH required

Damage to hydraulic parts!

Damage to the pump set!

- ▷ Never operate the pump set at an inlet pressure lower than that indicated in the NPSH requirements.

Bypass capacity Bypass capacity must match at least the minimum permissible volume flow of the pump set.

Table 15: Minimum flow rate and maximum flow rate Q at a fluid temperature $\leq +20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, depending on the speed

| Size | Q | | | | | | | |
|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 50 Hz | | | | 60 Hz | | | |
| | 2-pole | | 4-pole | | 2-pole | | 4-pole | |
| | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | max. |
| | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] | [m ³ /h] |
| 2B | 0,2 | 3,3 | - | - | 0,2 | 4,0 | - | - |
| 4B | 0,4 | 6,5 | - | - | 0,5 | 7,8 | - | - |
| 6B | 0,6 | 9,0 | - | - | 0,8 | 10,8 | - | - |
| 10B | 1,1 | 13,2 | 0,5 | 6,6 | 1,3 | 15,8 | 0,6 | 7,9 |
| 15B | 1,6 | 22,5 | 0,8 | 11,3 | 2,0 | 27,0 | 1,0 | 13,5 |
| 15C | 1,9 | 22,5 | 0,9 | 11,3 | 2,3 | 27,0 | 1,1 | 13,5 |
| 25B | 2,8 | 35,0 | 1,4 | 17,5 | 3,1 | 42,0 | 1,6 | 21,1 |
| 40B | 4,0 | 54,0 | 1,9 | 27 | 4,9 | 65,0 | 2,3 | 32,5 |
| 60B | 5,3 | 76,0 | 2,6 | 38 | 6,5 | 92,0 | 3,2 | 46,0 |
| 85B | 8,5 | 110,0 | 4,3 | 53,9 | 10,2 | 132,0 | 5,1 | 65,1 |
| 125B | 13,1 | 160,0 | - | - | 15,8 | 192,0 | - | - |
| LHS 6 | 0,8 | 8,6 | - | - | 0,7 | 8,6 | - | - |

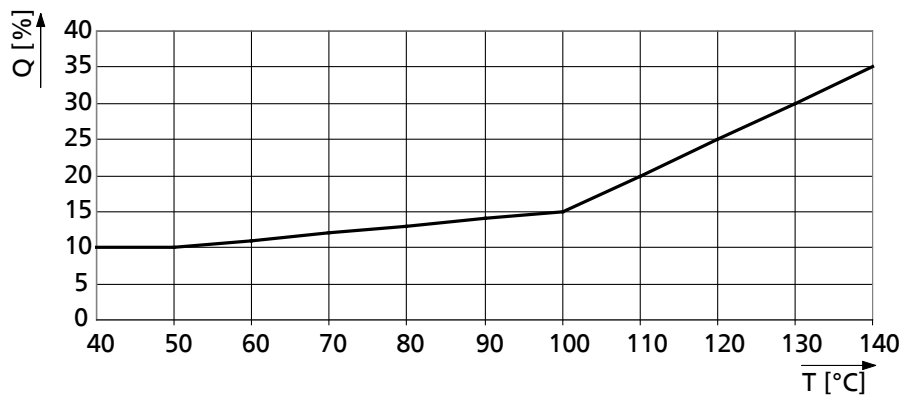


Fig. 10: Minimum flow rate required as a function of the fluid temperature, for fluid temperatures $> 20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

6.2.3.3 Viscosity of the fluid handled



CAUTION

The viscosity of the fluid handled is higher than that of water.

Motor overload

- Observe the type and viscosity limits for the fluid handled given in the data sheet.
- Ensure that the motor power reserve is sufficient.

6.3 Shutdown/storage/preservation

6.3.1 Measures to be taken for shutdown

The pump set remains installed

- ✓ Sufficient fluid is supplied for the functional check run of the pump.
- 1. Start up the pump regularly once a month or once every three months for approximately five minutes during prolonged shutdown periods.
This will prevent the formation of deposits within the pump and the pump intake area.



CAUTION

Danger of freezing during prolonged pump shutdown periods

Damage to the pump!

- The temperature maintenance equipment must remain in operation also during pump shutdown periods.

The pump set is removed from the piping and stored

- ✓ The checks and maintenance operations have been performed.
- 1. Spray-coat the inside wall of the pump casing with a preservative.
- 2. Spray the preservative through the inlet and outlet nozzles of the fluid handled.
It is advisable to close the fluid inlet and outlet nozzles afterwards (e.g. with plastic caps or similar).

Observe any additional instructions and information provided. [⇒ Section 3, Page 11]

6.4 Returning to service

For returning the equipment to service observe the sections on commissioning/start-up and the operating limits. [⇒ Section 6.1, Page 28]

In addition, carry out all servicing/maintenance operations before returning the pump (set) to service. [⇒ Section 7, Page 37]



WARNING

Failure to re-install or re-activate protective devices

Risk of injury from moving parts or escaping fluid!

- As soon as the work is completed, properly re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices.



NOTE

If the equipment has been out of service for more than one year, replace all elastomer seals.

7 Servicing/Maintenance

7.1 Safety regulations



⚠ DANGER

Sparks produced during servicing work

Explosion hazard!

- ▷ Observe the safety regulations in force at the place of installation!
- ▷ Never open an energised pump set.
- ▷ Always perform maintenance work on pump sets outside potentially explosive atmospheres only.



⚠ DANGER

Improperly serviced pump set

Damage to the pump set!

- ▷ Service the pump set regularly.
- ▷ Prepare a maintenance schedule with special emphasis on lubricants, power cable, bearing assembly and shaft seal.

The operator ensures that maintenance, inspection and installation are performed by authorised, qualified specialist personnel who are thoroughly familiar with the manual.



⚠ WARNING

Unintentional starting of the pump set

Risk of injury by moving components and shock currents!

- ▷ Ensure that the pump set cannot be started unintentionally.
- ▷ Always make sure the electrical connections are disconnected before carrying out work on the pump set.



⚠ WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Risk of injury!

- ▷ Observe all relevant laws.
- ▷ When draining the fluid take appropriate measures to protect persons and the environment.
- ▷ Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.



⚠ WARNING

Insufficient stability

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

- ▷ During assembly/dismantling, secure the pump (set)/pump parts to prevent tilting or tipping over.

A regular maintenance schedule will help avoid expensive repairs and contribute to trouble-free, reliable operation of the pump, pump set and pump parts with a minimum of servicing/maintenance expenditure and work.



NOTE

All maintenance work, service work and installation work can be carried out by Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. Service or authorised workshops.

Never use force when dismantling and reassembling the pump set.

7.2 Servicing/inspection

7.2.1 Supervision of operation



⚠ DANGER

Formation of a potentially explosive atmosphere inside the pump

Explosion hazard!

- Before starting up the pump set, vent the pump and suction line and prime both with the fluid to be handled.



⚠ DANGER

Incorrectly serviced shaft seal

Fire hazard!

Hot fluids escaping!

Damage to the pump set!

- Regularly service the shaft seal.



⚠ DANGER

Excessive temperatures as a result of bearings running hot or defective bearing seals

Fire hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

- Regularly check the condition of the lubricant.
- Regularly check the rolling element bearings for running noises.



CAUTION

Increased wear due to dry running

Damage to the pump set!

- Never operate the pump set without liquid fill.
- Never close the shut-off element in the suction line and/or supply line during pump operation.



CAUTION

Impermissibly high temperature of fluid handled

Damage to the pump!

- Prolonged operation against a closed shut-off element is not permitted (heating up of the fluid).
- Observe the temperature limits in the data sheet and in the section on operating limits.

While the pump is in operation, observe and check the following:

- The pump must run quietly and free from vibrations at all times.
- Check the shaft seal.
Visual inspection while rotating the shaft once by hand.
- Check the static sealing elements for leakage.
No leakage from the sealing elements is allowed.
- Check the rolling element bearings for running noises.
Vibrations, noise and an increase in current input occurring during unchanged operating conditions indicate wear.
- Monitor the correct functioning of any auxiliary connections.

7.2.2 Lubrication and lubricant change



DANGER

Excessive temperatures as a result of bearings running hot or defective bearing seals

Fire hazard!

Damage to the pump set!

- Regularly check the condition of the lubricant.
- Regularly check the rolling element bearings for running noises.

7.2.2.1 Grease lubrication

The bearings are supplied packed with high-quality lithium-soap grease.

7.2.2.1.1 Intervals

Depending on the pump size and rotational speed, re-lubricate the rolling element bearings or replace the grease at regular intervals.



NOTE

On some pump designs the rolling element bearings are lubricated for life. These pumps are not provided with a lubricating nipple on the bearing bracket.



NOTE

If re-lubrication intervals are short, we recommend that the grease be completely replaced once a year. Otherwise, the grease fill must be replaced completely every two years. To do so, remove the rolling element bearings, clean and pack with new grease.

Motors and thrust bearing housings (if any) with lubricating nipple must be re-lubricated every 2000 hours.

If the pump is operated under extreme conditions, such as vibrations or high temperatures, the motors and (if applicable) the thrust bearing housing must be re-lubricated more frequently.

7.2.2.1.2 Grease quality

Optimum grease properties for rolling element bearings

- High melting point lithium soap base grease
- Resin-free and acid-free
- Not liable to crumble
- Rust-preventive characteristics

7.2.2.1.3 Grease quantity

Use 15 grams of grease per bearing.

7.2.2.1.4 Re-lubricating with grease



WARNING

Work in the immediate vicinity of rotating parts

Risk of hand injuries!

- ▷ Always have this work performed by trained personnel.
- ▷ Take particular caution when performing this work.



CAUTION

Contaminated lubricating nipples

Contamination of the lubricating grease!

- ▷ Clean the grease lubricating nipples before re-lubricating them.

1. Clean the lubricating nipples, if contaminated.
2. Position the grease press on the lubricating nipple.
3. Press in the grease.

7.3 Drainage/cleaning



WARNING

Fluids handled, consumables and supplies which are hot and/or pose a health hazard

Hazard to persons and the environment!

- ▷ Collect and properly dispose of flushing fluid and any fluid residues.
- ▷ Wear safety clothing and a protective mask if required.
- ▷ Observe all legal regulations on the disposal of fluids posing a health hazard.

If the pump set has handled fluids whose residues could lead to corrosion damage in the presence of atmospheric humidity or could ignite upon contact with oxygen, the pump set must be neutralised, and anhydrous inert gas must be blown through the pump to ensure drying.

The pump is fitted with nozzles for draining.

The pump must not be drained while it is in operation!

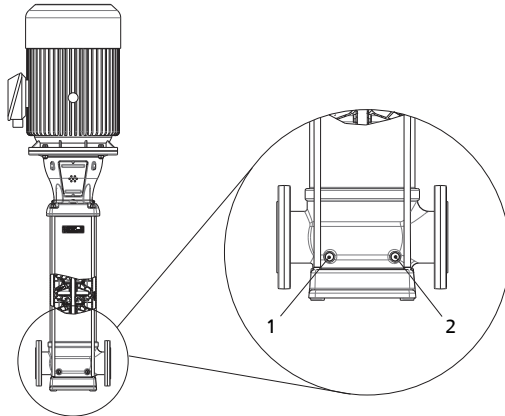


Fig. 11: Connections for draining the pump

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Connection for draining the suction section | 2 | Connection for draining the discharge section |
|---|---|---|---|

7.4 Dismantling the pump set

7.4.1 General information/Safety regulations



⚠ DANGER

Insufficient preparation of work on the pump (set)

Risk of injury!

- Properly shut down the pump set.
- Close the shut-off elements in the suction line and discharge line.
- Drain the pump and release the pump pressure.
- Shut off any auxiliary feed lines.
- Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.



⚠ WARNING

Unqualified personnel performing work on the pump (set)

Risk of injury!

- Always have repair work and maintenance work performed by specially trained, qualified personnel.



⚠ WARNING

Hot surface

Risk of injury!

- Allow the pump set to cool down to ambient temperature.



⚠ WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.

Always observe the safety instructions and information. [⇒ Section 7.1, Page 37]

For any work on the motor, observe the motor manufacturer's instructions.

For dismantling and reassembly observe the exploded views and the general assembly drawing.

In case of damage you can always contact Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. Service.



NOTE

All maintenance work, service work and installation work can be carried out by Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. Service or authorised workshops.



NOTE

After a prolonged period of operation the individual components may be hard to pull off the shaft. If this is the case, use a brand name penetrating agent and/or - if possible - an appropriate puller.

7.4.2 Preparing the pump set



⚠ DANGER

Power supply not disconnected

Danger to life!

- ▷ Disconnect all electrical connections from the power supply and secure against unintentional start-up.

1. De-energise the pump set and secure it against unintentional start-up.

7.4.3 Removing the motor



⚠ WARNING

Motor tipping over

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

- ▷ Suspend or support the motor to prevent it from tipping over.

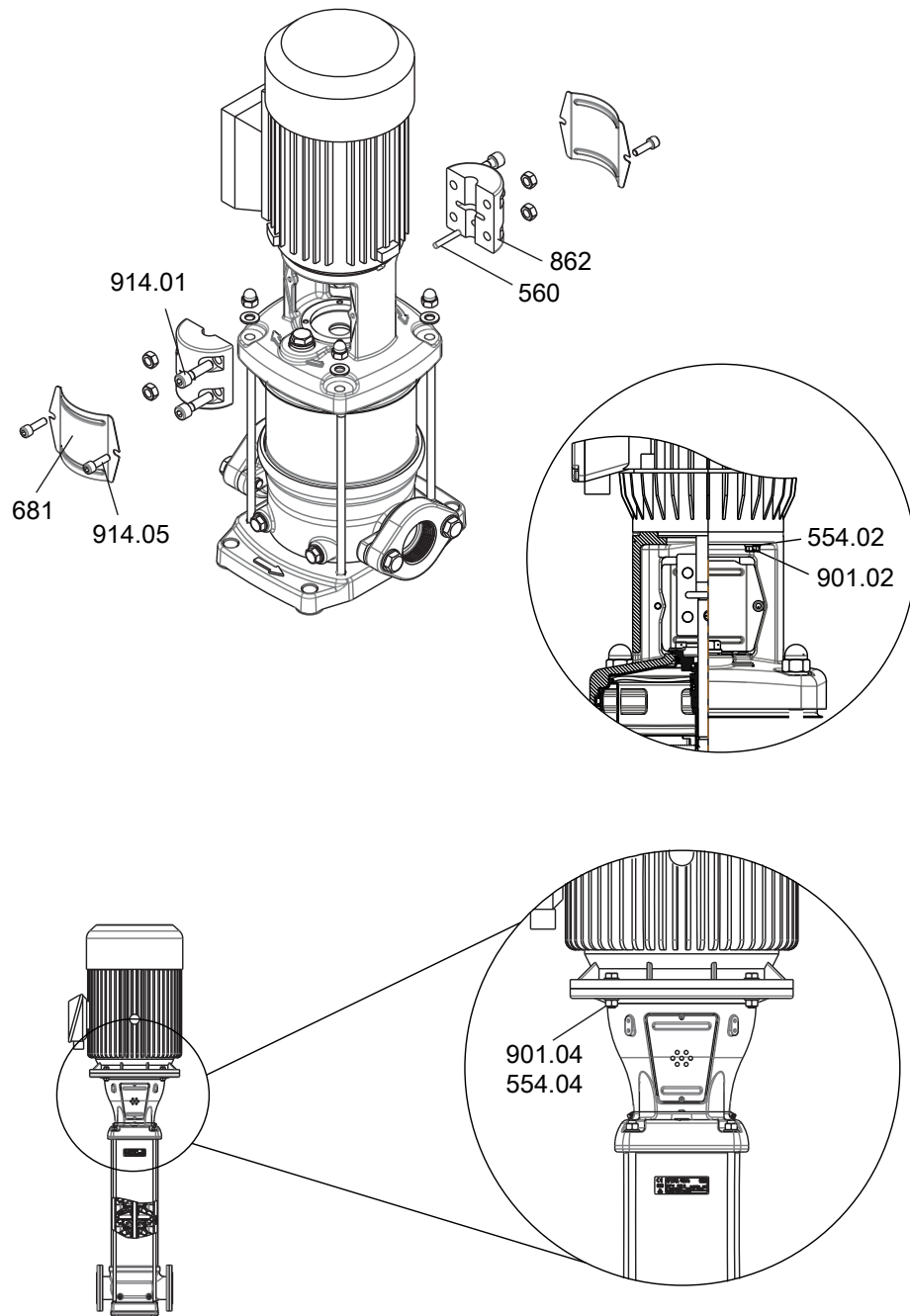


Fig. 12: Removing the motor (example drawing)

✓ The motor has been de-energised.

1. Undo hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05.
2. Remove coupling guard 681.
3. Undo hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01.
4. Take off coupling 862 with pin 560.
5. Unscrew and remove hexagon head bolts 901.02 or 901.04 and washer 554.02 or 554.04.
6. Lift the motor off the pump.

7.4.4 Removing the retaining bracket (optional)

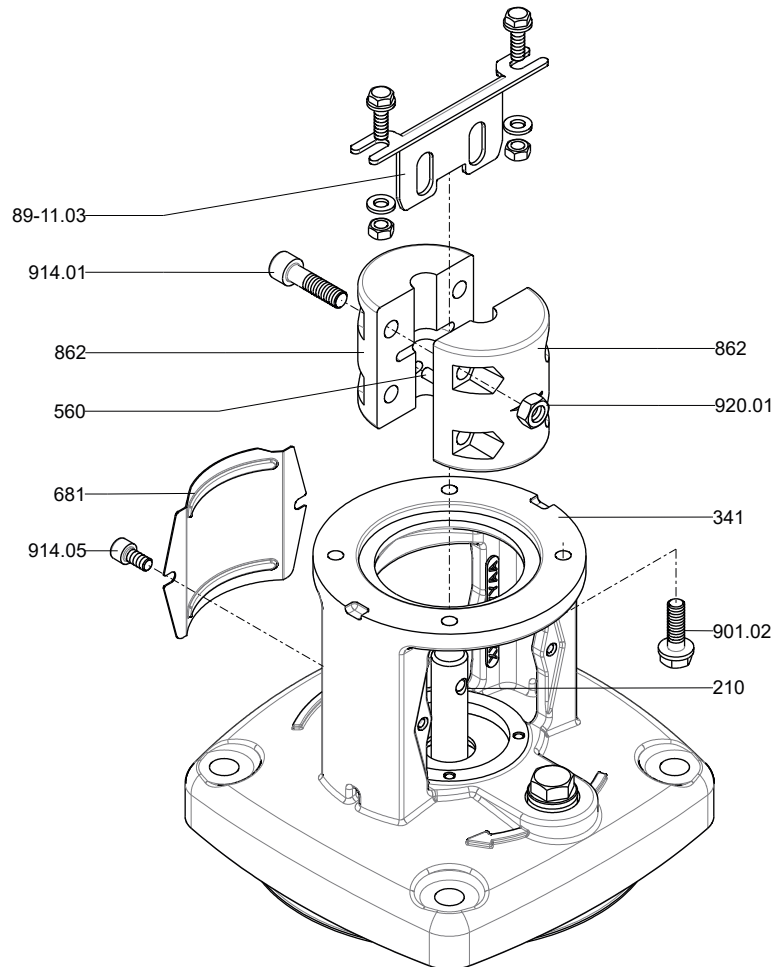


Fig. 13: Removing retaining bracket 89-11.03

✓ The motor has been removed. [⇒ Section 7.4.3, Page 42]

1. Remove retaining bracket 89-11.03

7.4.5 Removing the mechanical seal

7.4.5.1 Fixed mechanical seal

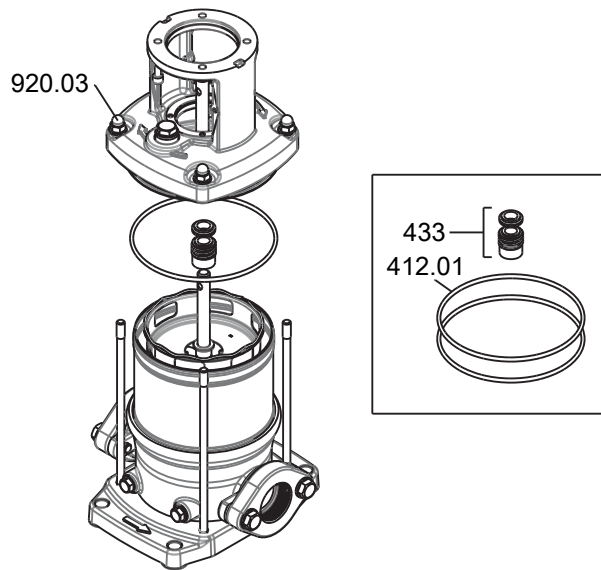


Fig. 14: Removing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

✓ The motor has been removed. [⇒ Section 7.4.3, Page 42]

1. Loosen nuts 920.03 and lift off the drive lantern.
2. Remove mechanical seal 433 and O-rings 412.01.

7.4.5.2 Easy Access mechanical seal

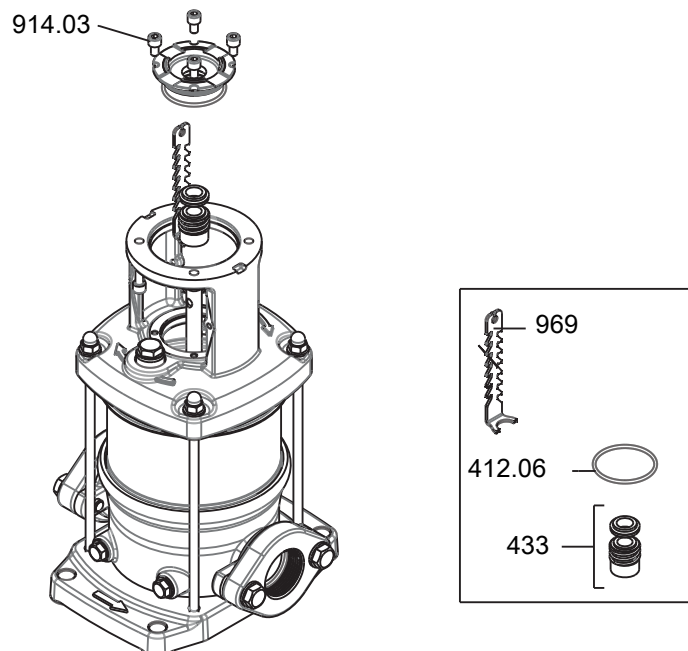


Fig. 15: Removing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

✓ The motor has been removed. [⇒ Section 7.4.3, Page 42]

1. Loosen hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03.
2. Remove O-ring 412.06.
3. Remove mechanical seal 433 using tool 969.

7.4.5.3 Cartridge seal

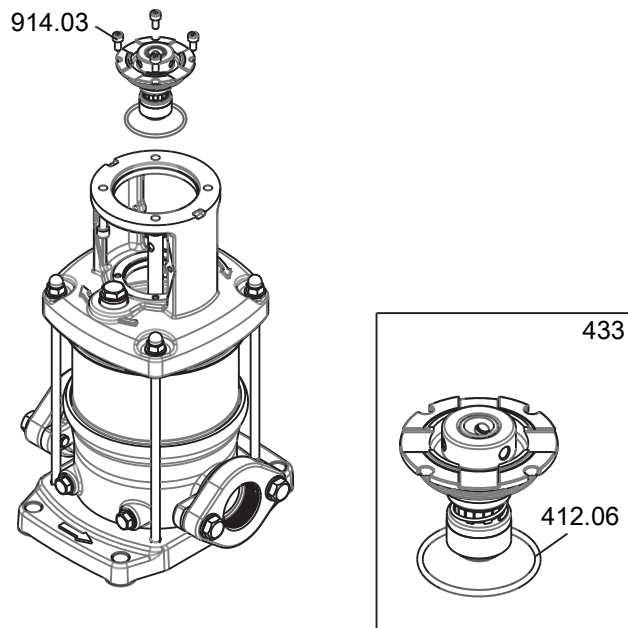


Fig. 16: Removing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

✓ The motor has been removed. [⇒ Section 7.4.3, Page 42]

1. Loosen hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03.
2. Remove mechanical seal 433.
3. Remove O-ring 412.06.

7.5 Reassembling the pump set

7.5.1 General information/Safety regulations



WARNING

Improper lifting/moving of heavy assemblies or components

Personal injury and damage to property!

- Use suitable transport devices, lifting equipment and lifting tackle to move heavy assemblies or components.



CAUTION

Improper reassembly

Damage to the pump!

- Reassemble the pump (set) in accordance with the general rules of sound engineering practice.
- Use original spare parts only.





NOTE

Use suitable tools for setting the pump shaft.
If necessary, contact Duijvelaar Pompen B.V..

- Sequence** Always reassemble the pump set in accordance with the corresponding general assembly drawing.
- Sealing elements**
- O-rings
 - Check O-rings for any damage and replace by new O-rings, if required.
 - Assembly adhesives
 - Avoid the use of assembly adhesives, if possible.
- Tightening torques** For reassembly, tighten all screws and bolts as specified in this manual.

7.5.2 Installing the mechanical seal





⚠ DANGER

Incorrect installation of mechanical seal

Abrasion/rubbing of parts!

Explosion hazard!

▸ Installation should only be carried out by qualified specialist personnel.

- Installing the mechanical seal** The following rules must be observed when installing the mechanical seal:
- Work cleanly and accurately.
 - Only remove the protective wrapping of the contact faces immediately before installation takes place.
 - Prevent any damage to the sealing surfaces or O-rings.

7.5.2.1 Fixed mechanical seal

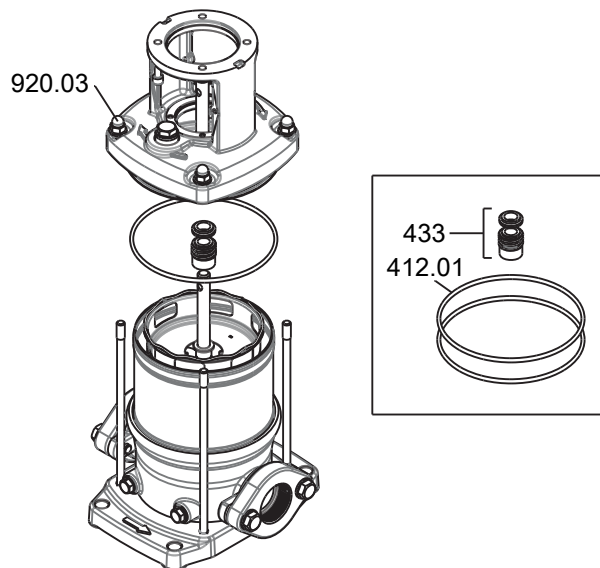


Fig. 17: Installing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

1. Insert mechanical seal 433 and O-rings 412.01.
2. Fit the drive lantern. Screw on nuts 920.03 and tighten them crosswise.
3. Adjust mechanical seal 433. [⇒ Section 7.5.4, Page 51]

7.5.2.2 Easy Access mechanical seal

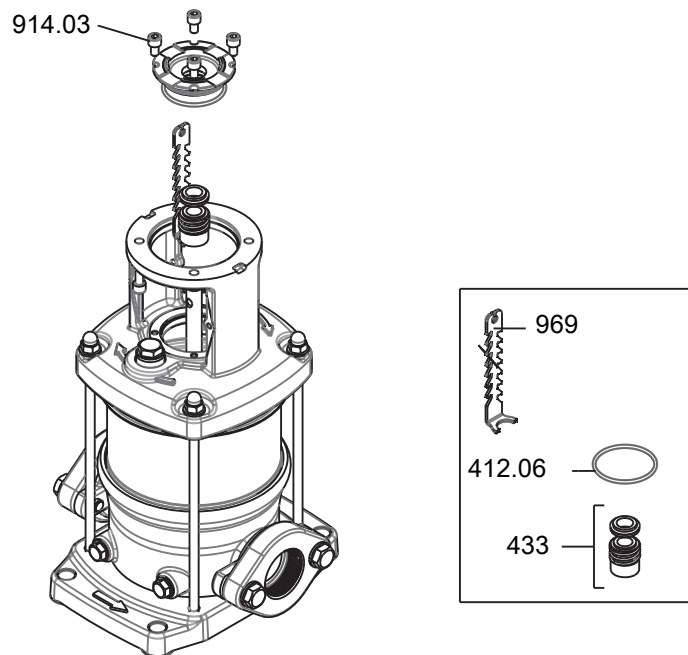


Fig. 18: Installing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

1. Insert mechanical seal 433 using tool 969.
2. Insert O-ring 412.06.
3. Screw in hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03.
4. Adjust mechanical seal 433. [⇒ Section 7.5.4, Page 51]

7.5.2.3 Cartridge seal

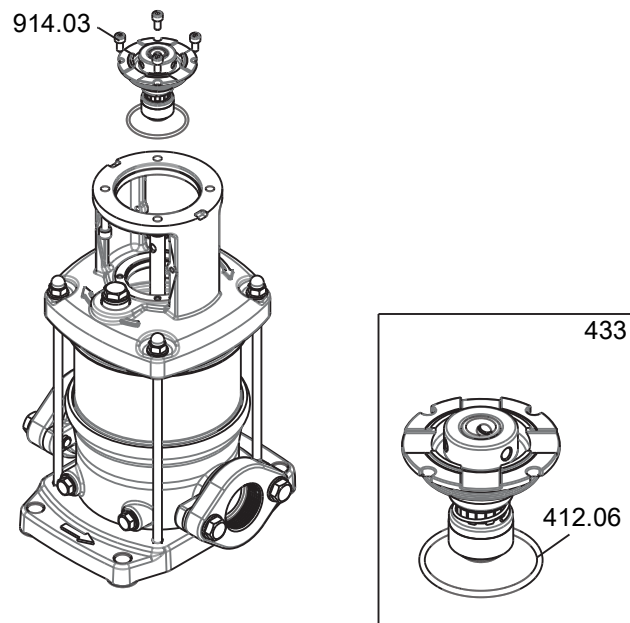


Fig. 19: Installing the mechanical seal (example drawing)

1. Insert O-ring 412.06.
2. Insert mechanical seal 433.

3. Screw in hexagon socket head cap screws 914.03.
4. Adjust mechanical seal 433. [⇒ Section 7.5.4, Page 51]

7.5.3 Mounting the motor



WARNING

Motor tipping over

Risk of crushing hands and feet!

- ▷ Suspend or support the motor to prevent it from tipping over.



NOTE

Using a specially designed Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. motor is recommended.

The motor must meet the following conditions:

- Reinforced bearing at the drive end
(to absorb the axial force)
- Motor fastened axially
(to minimise the axial clearance of the hydraulic system of the pump)
- Non-keywayed shaft
(to improve the coupling connection and the smooth running of the motor)
- The rated power must be suitable for the relevant operating frequency.
- The frame size must be suitable for connecting the motor to the drive lantern.

Table 16: Recommended motor bearings at the drive end

| Motor rating [kW] | 1-phase 50 Hz | 3-phase 50/60 Hz | |
|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | | 2 poles | 4 poles |
| 0,25 | - | - | 6202-2Z-C3 |
| 0,37 | 6202-2Z-C3 | 6203-2Z-C3 | 6202-2Z-C3 |
| 0,55 | 6202-2Z-C3 | 6203-2Z-C3 | 6202-2Z-C3 |
| 0,75 | 6204-2Z-C3 | 6204-2Z-C3 | 6202-2Z-C3 |
| 1,1 | 6204-2Z-C3 | 6204-2Z-C3 | 6205-2Z-C3 |
| 1,5 | 6305-2Z-C3 | 6305-2Z-C3 | 6205-2Z-C3 |
| 2,2 | 6305-2Z-C3 | 6305-2Z-C3 | 6206-2Z-C3 |
| 3,0 | - | 6306-2Z-C3 | 6206-2Z-C3 |
| 4,0 | - | 6306-2Z-C3 | 6208-2Z-C3 |
| 5,5 | - | 6308-2Z-C3 | 6208-2Z-C3 |
| 7,5 | - | 6308-2Z-C3 | 6208-2Z-C3 |
| 11,0 | - | 7309-BEP | - |
| 15,0 | - | 7309-BEP | - |
| 18,5 | - | 7309-BEP | - |
| 22,0 | - | 7311-BEP | - |
| 30,0 | - | 7312-BEP | - |
| 37,0 | - | 7312-BEP | - |
| 45,0 | - | 7313-BEP | - |

If a thrust bearing housing is used:



CAUTION

The axial clearance between the thrust bearing housing shaft and the motor shaft is set incorrectly.

Risk of high impacts from thrust bearing housing shaft and motor shaft knocking against each other!

Increased load on and wear of the rolling element bearings!

- The electric motor must be mounted on the thrust bearing housing by a trained and duly qualified certified mechanic.

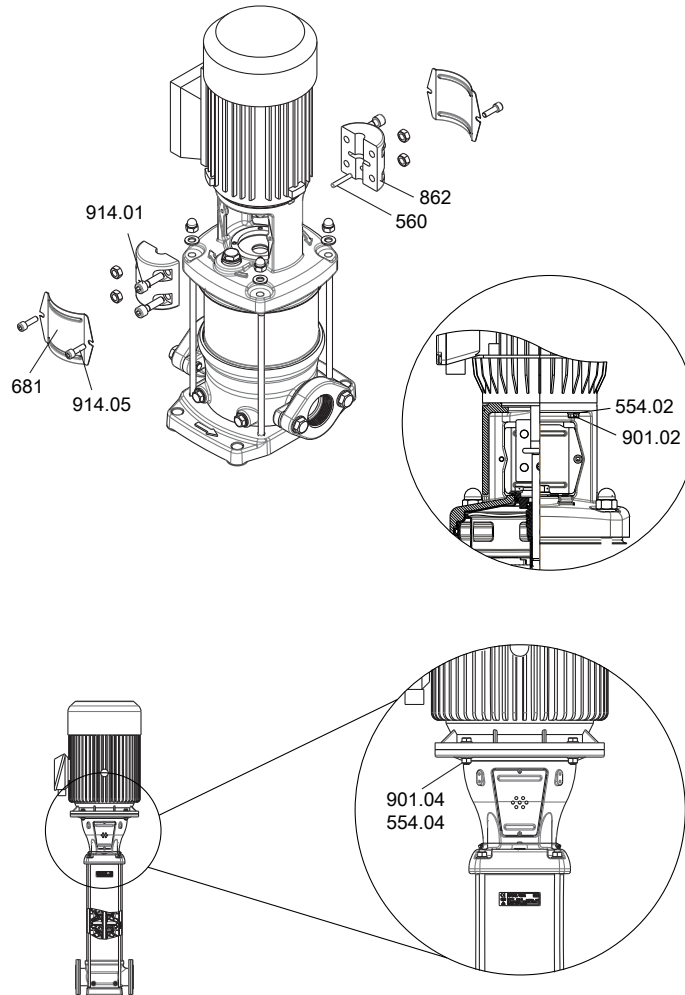


Fig. 20: Mounting the motor

- ✓ Retaining bracket 89-11.03 (if applicable) has been removed.
[⇒ Section 7.4.4, Page 44]

1. Align the motor on the drive lantern.
2. Screw in hexagon head bolts 901.02 or 901.04 and washer 554.02 or 554.04.



CAUTION

Incorrect installation of coupling

Damage to the machinery!

- The coupling must be installed by qualified specialist personnel.

3. Insert coupling 862 with pin 560.
4. Screw in hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01.

5. Fit coupling guard 681.
6. Screw in hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05.

7.5.4 Adjusting the mechanical seal, coupling and pump shaft



NOTE

Use suitable tools for setting the pump shaft.
If necessary, contact Duijvelaar Pompen B.V..

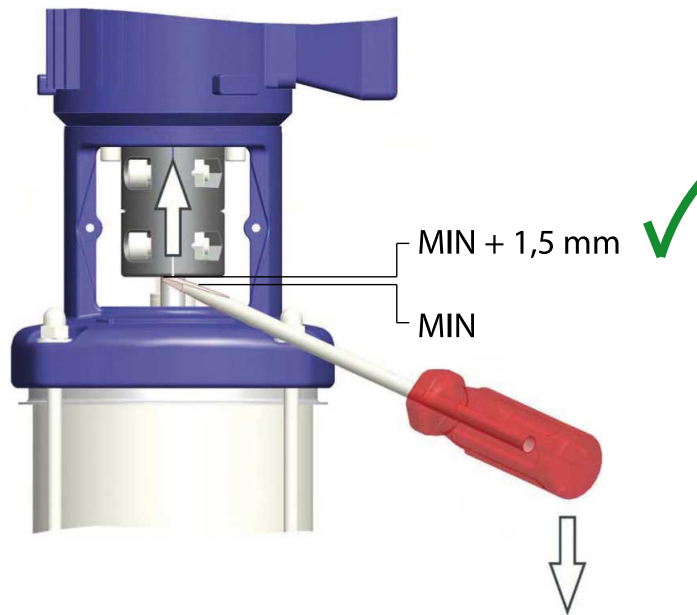


NOTE

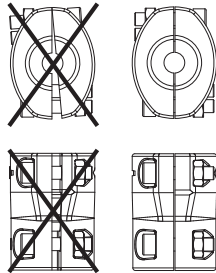
Motors ≥ 11 kW: lock rotor before adjusting the coupling. This will prevent the rotor from being lifted out of the bearings.

DPV B, C - Fixed mechanical seal / Easy Access mechanical seal

- ✓ The motor has been mounted on the pump.
 - ✓ Coupling 862 has been fastened with pin 560 and hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01.
1. Loosen hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01 by one turn each.
 2. Lower the coupling 862 to its lowest position, then raise it again by 1.5 mm.



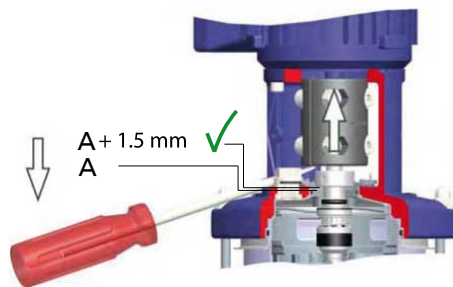
3. Verify that no clearances remain between the coupling halves, and fasten the coupling in this position.



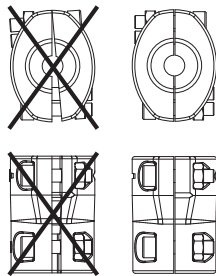
4. Apply a thread-locking agent (e.g. Loctite 2400).
5. Fit coupling guard 681 and fasten it with hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05. Tighten the screws.

DPV B, C - Cartridge seal

- ✓ The motor has been mounted on the pump.
 - ✓ Coupling 862 has been fastened with pin 560 and screws 914.01.
1. Adjust grub screws 904.
 2. Loosen hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01 by one turn each.
 3. Apply a thread-locking agent (e.g. Loctite 2400).
 4. Move coupling 862 into its lowest position.
 5. Tighten grub screws 904.
 6. Raise coupling 862 by 1.5 mm.



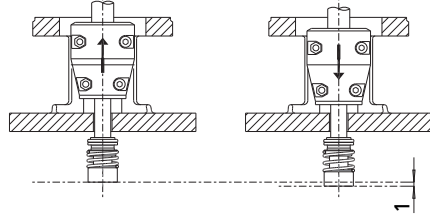
7. Tighten hexagon socket head cap screws 914.04.
8. Verify that no clearances remain between the coupling halves, and fasten the coupling in this position.



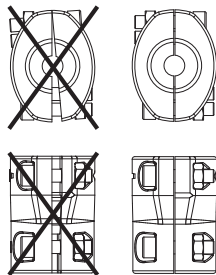
9. Mount coupling guard 681 and ATEX-compliant external guard 680, if any.
10. Apply thread-locking agent (e.g. Loctite 2400) to hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05.

DPLHS

- ✓ The motor has been mounted on the pump.
 - ✓ Coupling 862 has been fastened with pin 560 and hexagon socket head cap screws 914.01.
1. Raise coupling 862 to its highest position, then lower it again by 1 mm.



2. Verify that no clearances remain between the coupling halves, and fasten the coupling in this position.



3. Install coupling guard 681.
4. Apply thread-locking agent (e.g. Loctite 2400) to hexagon socket head cap screws 914.05.

7.6 Tightening torques

Table 17: Tightening torques [Nm]

| Part No. | Description | Size | | | | | | | | Thread | [Nm] |
|----------|---|-------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-------|----------------------------|------|
| | | DPV(C/S) 2 - 15 B | DPV(C/S)15 C | DPV(C/S) 25 B | DPV(C/S) 25 - 85B | DPV(C/S) 40 - 85B | DPV(C/S) 125 B 16 bar | DPV(C/S)125 B 25 bar | DPLHS | | |
| 801 | Flanged motor | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | X | M6 | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | M8 | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | M12 | 70 |
| | | | | | | | | | | M16 | 70 |
| 903.01 | Screw plug, filling in / topping up oil | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | - | G 3/8 | 10 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X | G 3/8 | 20 |
| 903.02 | Screw plug, draining fluid handled | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | - | G 1/4 | 10 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | X | M10 | 20 |
| 914.01 | Hexagon socket head cap screw | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | X | M8 aluminium | 22 |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | X | M10 steel / grey cast iron | 70 |
| 914.02 | Hexagon socket head cap screw | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | X | M6 | 10 |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | X | M8 | 10 |

| Part No. | Description | Size | | | | | | | Thread | [Nm] |
|----------|--|-------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------|
| | | DPV(C/S) 2 - 15 B | DPV(C/S)15 C | DPV(C/S) 25 B | DPV(C/S) 25 - 85B | DPV(C/S) 40 - 85B | DPV(C/S) 125 B 16 bar | DPV(C/S)125 B 25 bar DPLHS | | |
| | Hexagon socket head cap screw | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | M12 | 70 |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | M16 | 70 |
| 914.03 | Hexagon socket head cap screw, seal cover | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | M5 | 4 ⁺² |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | M6 | 10 |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | X | X | M8 | 10 |
| 920.02 | Nut, shaft | X | - | - | - | - | - | - | M10 | 28 |
| | | - | X | - | - | - | - | - | M12 | 38 |
| | | - | - | - | X | - | - | - | M12 | 50 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | X | X | M16 | 100 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | - | X | M10 | 40 |
| 920.03 | Nut, tie bolt | X | X | - | X | - | - | - | M8 | 12 |
| | | X | X | - | X | - | - | - | M12 | 25 |
| | | - | - | X | - | - | - | - | M16 | 60 |
| | | - | - | - | - | X | - | - | M16 | 85 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | X | - | M20 | 55 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | - | X | M20 | 85 |
| | | - | - | - | - | - | - | X | M16 | 80 |

7.7 Spare parts stock

7.7.1 Ordering spare parts

Always quote the following data when ordering replacement or spare parts:

- Order number
- Order item number
- Consecutive number
- Type series
- Size
- Material variant
- Seal code
- Year of construction

Refer to the name plate for all data.

Also specify the following data:

- Part No. and description [⇒ Section 9.1, Page 57]
- Quantity of spare parts
- Shipping address
- Mode of dispatch (freight, mail, express freight, air freight)

8 Trouble-shooting



⚠ WARNING

Improper work to remedy faults

Risk of injury!

- ▷ For any work performed to remedy faults, observe the relevant information given in this operating manual and/or in the product literature provided by the accessories manufacturer.

If problems occur that are not described in the following table, consultation with the Duijvelaar Pompen B.V. service is required.

Table 18: Trouble-shooting

| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy |
|--|--|---|
| Leakage along the shaft | Seal faces of the primary rings of the mechanical seal worn or damaged | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace the shaft seal. – Check pump for impurities. |
| | Axial movement of the mechanical seal is restricted because it is stuck. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Quickly open and close the discharge-side valve during operation. |
| | Shaft seal fitted incorrectly | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Re-install shaft seal correctly (use water and soap as a lubricant). |
| | Elastomers damaged by the fluid handled | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Use a suitable elastomer for the shaft seal. |
| | Total operating pressure too high | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Use a shaft seal with suitable pressure class. |
| | Shaft is damaged. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace the shaft. |
| | Pump running dry | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace the shaft seal. |
| Leakage at the casing cover and the lower section of the pump casing | O-ring worn | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace the O-ring. |
| | O-ring not resistant to fluid handled | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace O-ring with O-ring made of suitable material. |
| | Pump not installed free from stresses and strains | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Connect the piping properly. |
| Pump vibrates and causes running noises. | Coupling fitted incorrectly | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Make sure the coupling halves are parallel. |
| | Rotor adjusted incorrectly | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Re-adjust rotor. |
| | Pump not primed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Prime and vent the pump. |
| | No or insufficient inflow | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Provide sufficient supply. – Check inlet line for clogging. |
| | Bearings of pump and/or motor defective | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Replace bearings. |
| | NPSH available too low (cavitation) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Improve suction conditions. |
| | Pump not working in its operating range | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Adjust system to operation within operating range or select different pump. |
| | Pump clogged | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Clean the pump. |
| | Pump positioned on an uneven surface | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Level the surface or rigidly fasten pump to installation surface. |
| Pump does not start. | No voltage at the terminals | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Check power supply (circuit, master switch, fuses). |
| | Thermal motor protection device has tripped. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Re-set thermal motor protection (I_{nom} see name plate). |
| Motor running but pump does not start. | Motor shaft defective | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Contact supplier. |
| | Pump shaft defective | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Contact supplier. |
| | Shaft coupling has become loose. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Tighten the fastening screws. |
| Insufficient delivery and/or insufficient pressure | Valves in suction and discharge lines closed | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Open the shut-off elements. |
| | Air in the pump | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Vent the pump. |

| Problem | Possible cause | Remedy |
|----------------|--|---|
| | Insufficient inlet pressure | – Increase inlet pressure. |
| | Wrong direction of rotation | – Check electrical connection. |
| | Suction line not vented. | – Vent suction line. |
| | Air pocket in suction line | – Lay suction line with a rising slope towards the pump. |
| | Pump takes in air due to leakage in suction line. | – Repair. |
| | Insufficient flow rate leads to air remaining in the pump. | – Use smaller pump. – Increase the (volume) flow rate. |
| | Diameter of suction line too small | – Increase diameter of suction line. |
| | Foot valve clogged. | – Clean the foot valve. |
| | Impeller or diffuser clogged | – Clean the pump. |
| | O-ring not resistant to fluid handled | – Replace O-ring with O-ring made of suitable material. |

9 Related Documents

9.1 General assembly drawings/exploded views with list of components

9.1.1 General assembly drawings

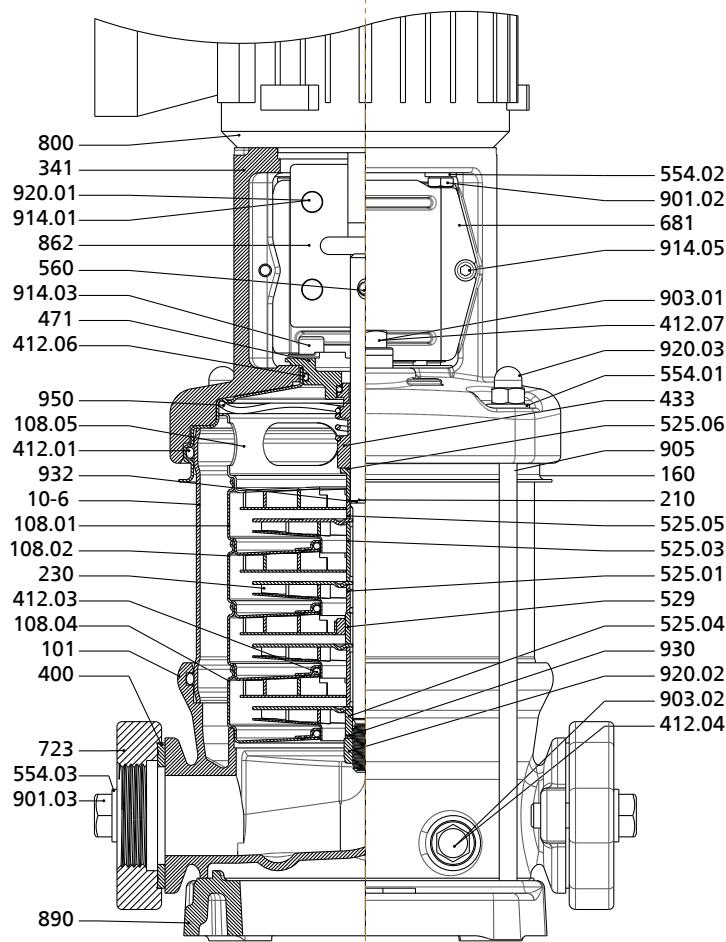


Fig. 21: General assembly drawing DPV 2(L)B, 4(L)B, 6(L)B

Table 19: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 560 | Pin |
| 101 | Pump casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 108.01/02/04/05 | Stage casing | 723 | Flange |
| 160 | Cover | 800 | Motor |
| 210 | Shaft | 862 | Coupling |
| 230 | Impeller | 890 | Baseplate |
| 341 | Drive lantern | 901.02/03 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 400 | Gasket | 903.01 | Screw plug |
| 412.01/03/04/06/07 | O-ring | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 914.01/03/05 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 471 | Seal cover | 920.01/02/03 | Nut |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 525.01/03/04/05/06 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 554.01/03 | Washer | 950 | Spring |

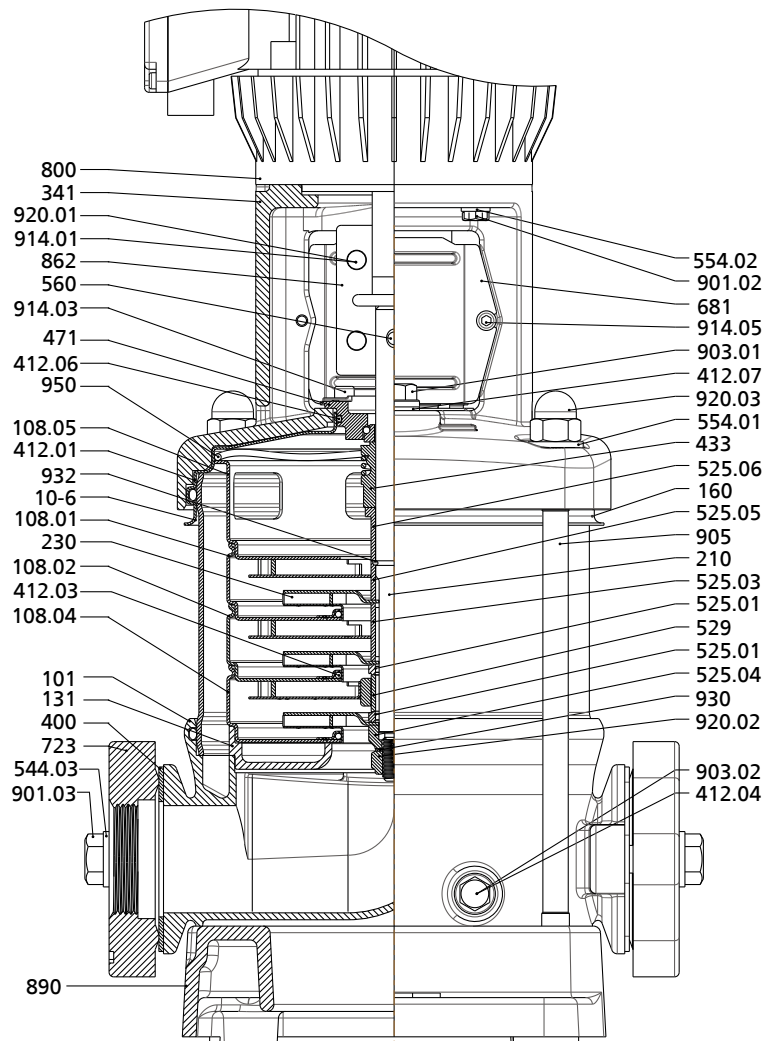


Fig. 22: General assembly drawing DPV 10(L)B, 15(L)B

Table 20: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 554.01/02 | Washer |
| 101 | Pump casing | 560 | Pin |
| 108.01/02/04/05 | Stage casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 131 | Inlet ring | 723 | Flange |
| 160 | Cover | 800 | Motor |
| 210 | Shaft | 862 | Coupling |
| 230 | Impeller | 890 | Baseplate |
| 341 | Drive lantern | 901.02/03 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 400 | Gasket | 903.01/02 | Screw plug |
| 412 | O-ring | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 914.01/03/05 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 471 | Seal cover | 920.01/02/03 | Nut |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 525.01/03/04/05/06 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 544.03 | Threaded bush | 950 | Spring |

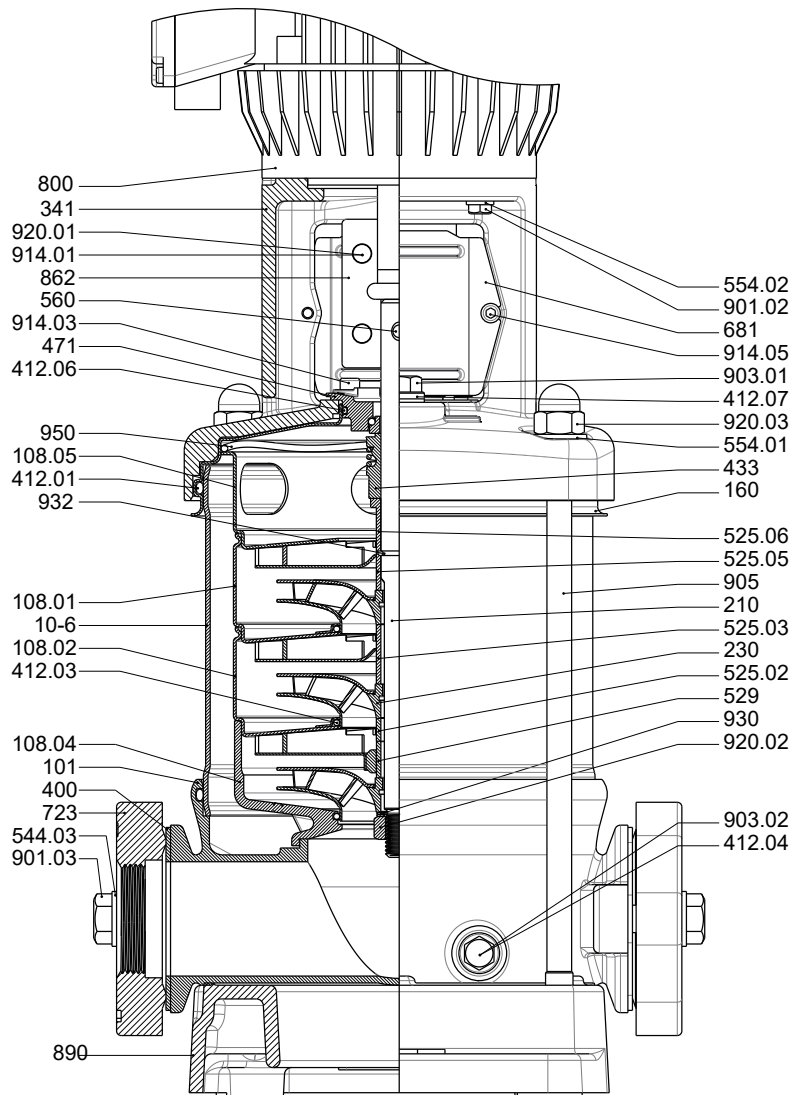


Fig. 23: General assembly drawing DPV 15(L)C

Table 21: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 560 | Pin |
| 101 | Pump casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 108.01/02/04/05 | Stage casing | 723 | Flange |
| 160 | Cover | 800 | Motor |
| 210 | Shaft | 862 | Coupling |
| 230 | Impeller | 890 | Baseplate |
| 341 | Drive lantern | 901.02/03 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 400 | Gasket | 903.01/02 | Screw plug |
| 412.01/03/04/06/07 | O-ring | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 914.01/03/05 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 471 | Seal cover | 920.01/02/03 | Nut |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|-----------------|----------------|----------|---------------|
| 525.02/03/05/06 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 544.03 | Threaded bush | 950 | Spring |
| 554.01/02 | Washer | | |

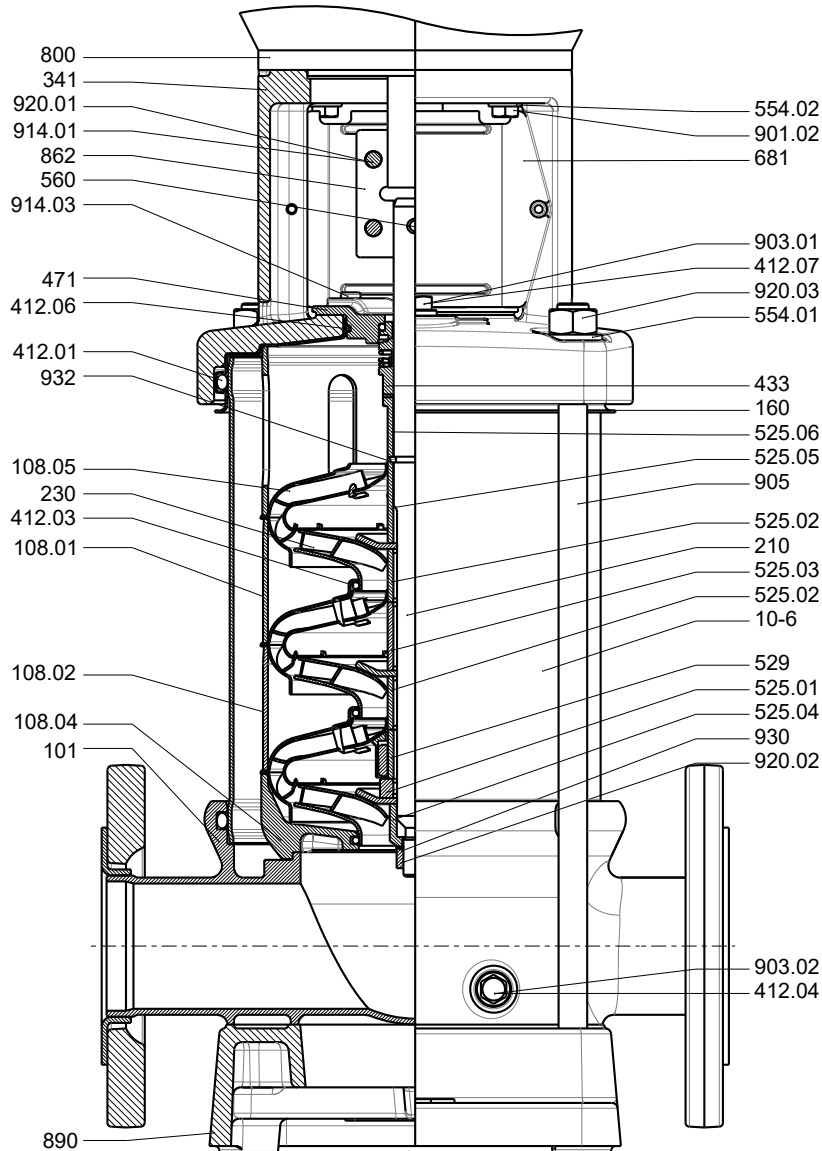


Fig. 24: General assembly drawing DPV 25B

Table 22: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|-------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 560 | Pin |
| 101 | Pump casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 108.01/02/04/05 | Stage casing | 800 | Motor |
| 160 | Cover | 862 | Coupling |
| 210 | Shaft | 890 | Baseplate |
| 230 | Impeller | 901.02 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 341 | Drive lantern | 903.01/02 | Screw plug |
| 412.01/03/04/06/07 | O-ring | 905 | Tie bolt |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 914.01/03 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 471 | Seal cover | 920.01/02/03 | Nut |
| 525.01/02/03/04/05/06 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 554.01/02 | Washer | | |

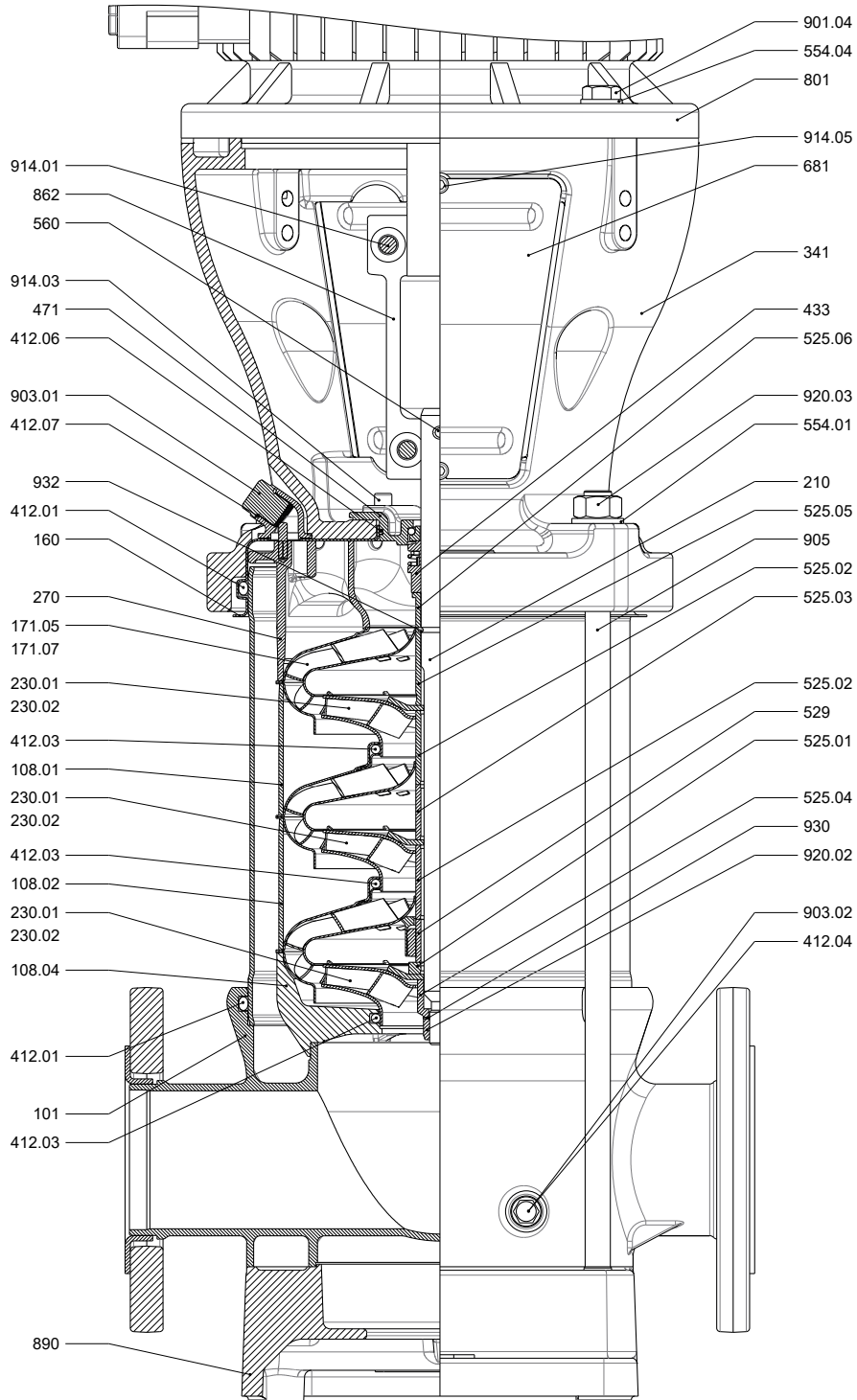


Fig. 25: General assembly drawing DPV 40(L)B, 60B

Table 23: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 554.01/.02 | Washer |
| 101 | Pump casing | 560 | Pin |
| 108.01/.02/.04/.05 | Stage casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 160 | Cover | 801 | Flanged motor |
| 171.05/.07 | Diffuser | 862 | Coupling |
| 210 | Shaft | 890 | Baseplate |
| 230 | Impeller | 901.02 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 270 | Deflector | 903.01/.02 | Screw plug |
| 341 | Drive lantern | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 412.01/.03/.04/.06/.07 | O-ring | 914.01/.03 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 920.01/.02/.03 | Nut |
| 471 | Seal cover | 930 | Safety device |
| 525.01/.02/.03/.04/.05/.06 | Spacer sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | | |

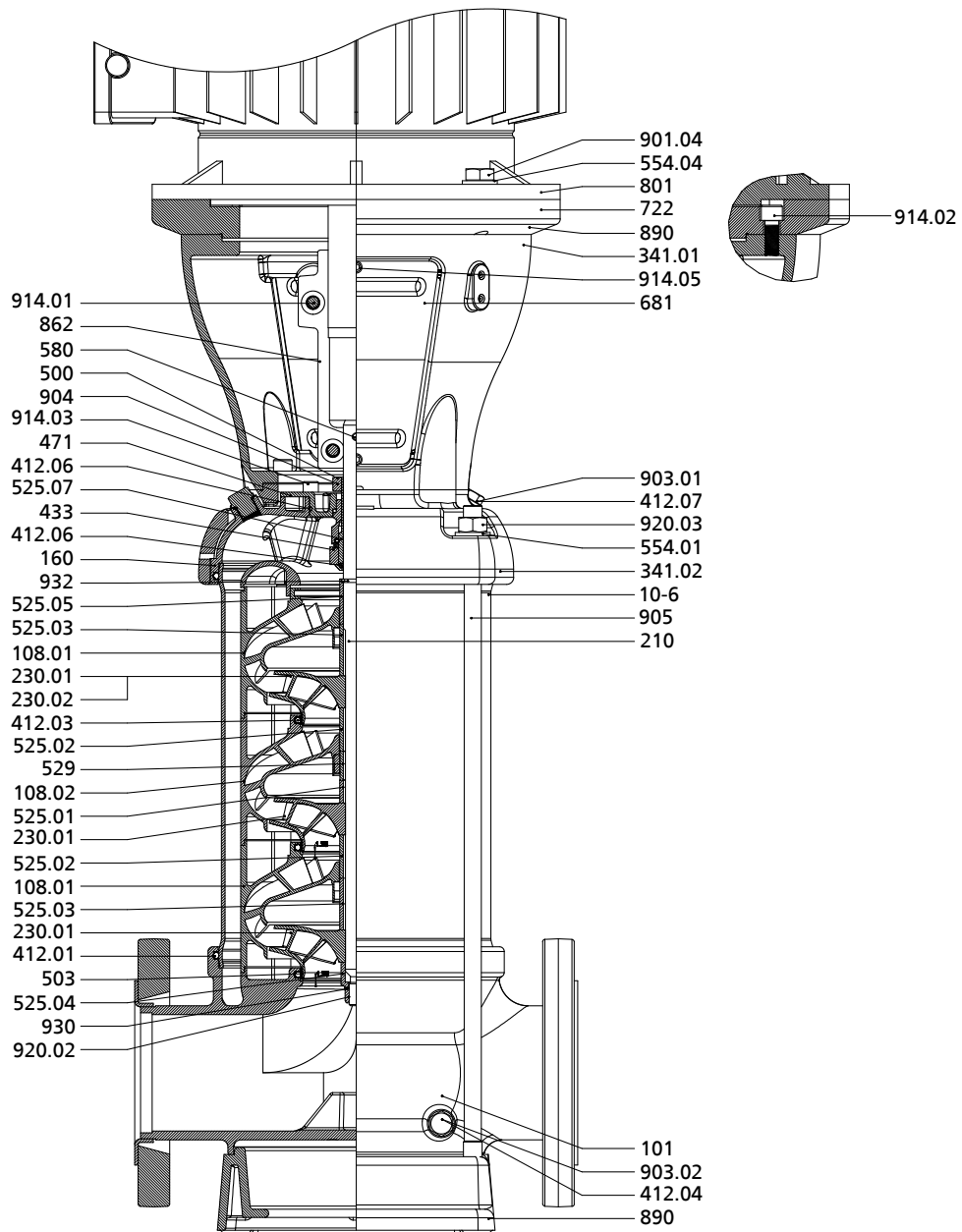


Fig. 26: General assembly drawing DPV 85B

Table 24: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 580 | Cap |
| 101 | Pump casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 108.01/.02 | Stage casing | 722 | Flange adapter |
| 160 | Cover | 801 | Flanged motor |
| 210 | Shaft | 862 | Coupling |
| 230.01/.02 | Impeller | 890 | Baseplate |
| 341.01/.02 | Drive lantern | 901.04 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 412.01/.03/.04/.06/.07 | O-ring | 903 | Screw plug |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 904 | Grub screw |
| 471 | Seal cover | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 500 | Ring | 914.01/.02/.03/.05 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------|---------------|
| 503 | Impeller wear ring | 920.02/.03 | Nut |
| 525.01/.02/.03/.04/.05/.07 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |
| 544.01/.04 | Threaded bush | | |

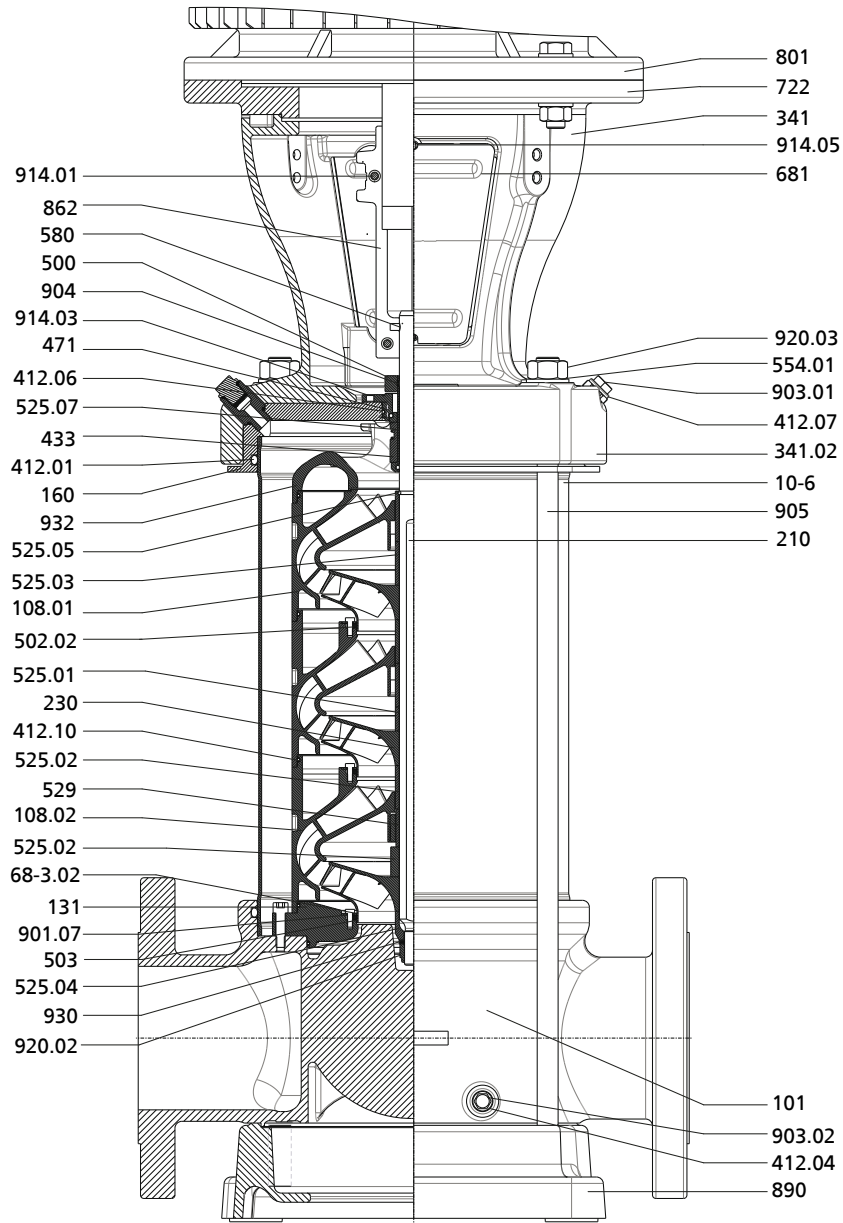


Fig. 27: General assembly drawing DPV125B

Table 25: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|------------|--------------|----------|----------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 554.01 | Washer |
| 101 | Pump casing | 580 | Cap |
| 108.01/.02 | Stage casing | 68-3.02 | Cover plate |
| 131 | Inlet ring | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 160 | Cover | 722 | Flange adapter |
| 210 | Shaft | 801 | Flanged motor |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| 230 | Impeller | 862 | Coupling |
| 341.02 | Drive lantern | 890 | Baseplate |
| 412.01/.04/.06/.07/.10 | O-ring | 901.07 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 903.01/.02 | Screw plug |
| 471 | Seal cover | 904 | Grub screw |
| 500 | Ring | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 502.02 | Casing wear ring | 914.01/.03/.05 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 503 | Impeller wear ring | 920.02/.03 | Nut |
| 525.01/.02/.03/.04/.05/.07 | Spacer sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 932 | Circlip |

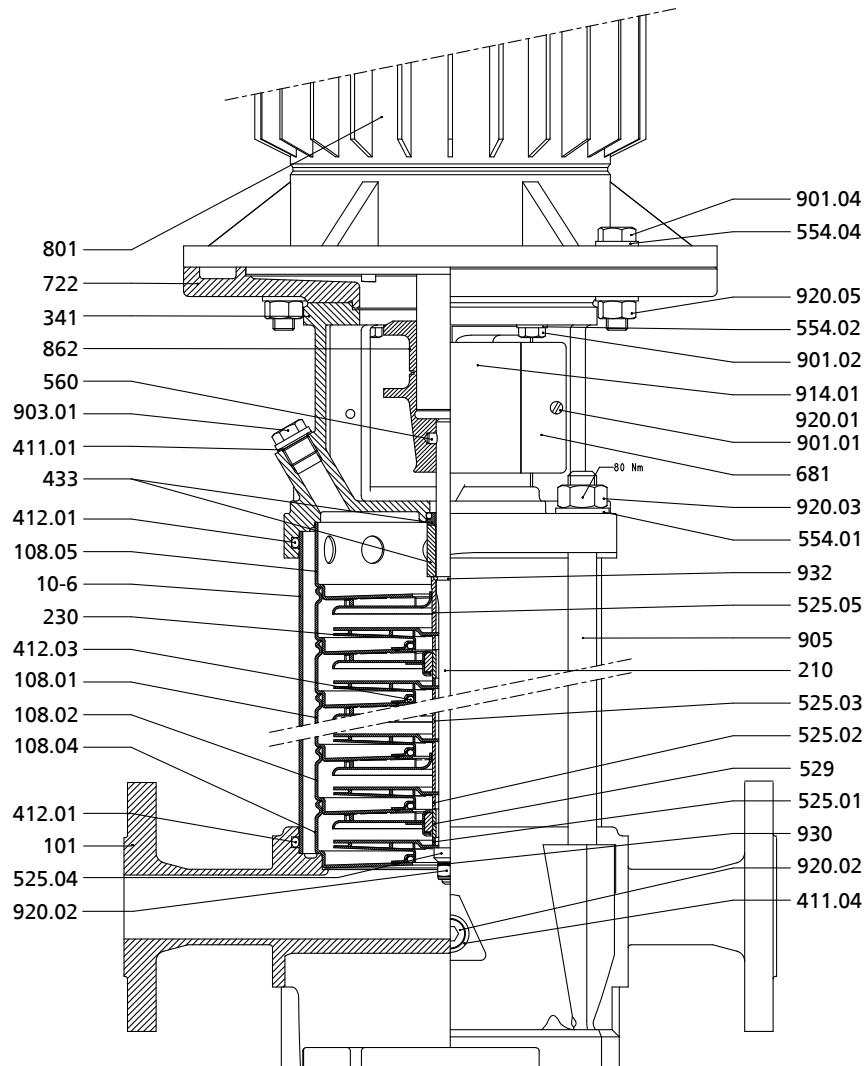


Fig. 28: General assembly drawing DPLHS

Table 26: List of components

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|--------------------|--------------|----------|----------------|
| 10-6 | Pump shroud | 560 | Pin |
| 101 | Pump casing | 681 | Coupling guard |
| 108.01/.02/.04/.05 | Stage casing | 722 | Flange adapter |
| 210 | Shaft | 801 | Flanged motor |
| 230 | Impeller | 862 | Coupling |

| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 341 | Drive lantern | 901.01/.02/.04 | Hexagon head bolt |
| 411.01/.03 | Joint ring | 903.01 | Screw plug |
| 412.01/.03 | O-ring | 905 | Tie bolt |
| 433 | Mechanical seal | 914.01 | Hexagon socket head cap screw |
| 525.01/.02/.03/.04/.05 | Spacer sleeve | 920.01/.02/.03/.05 | Nut |
| 529 | Bearing sleeve | 930 | Safety device |
| 554.01/.02/.04 | Washer | 932 | Circlip |

9.1.2 Exploded view of motor

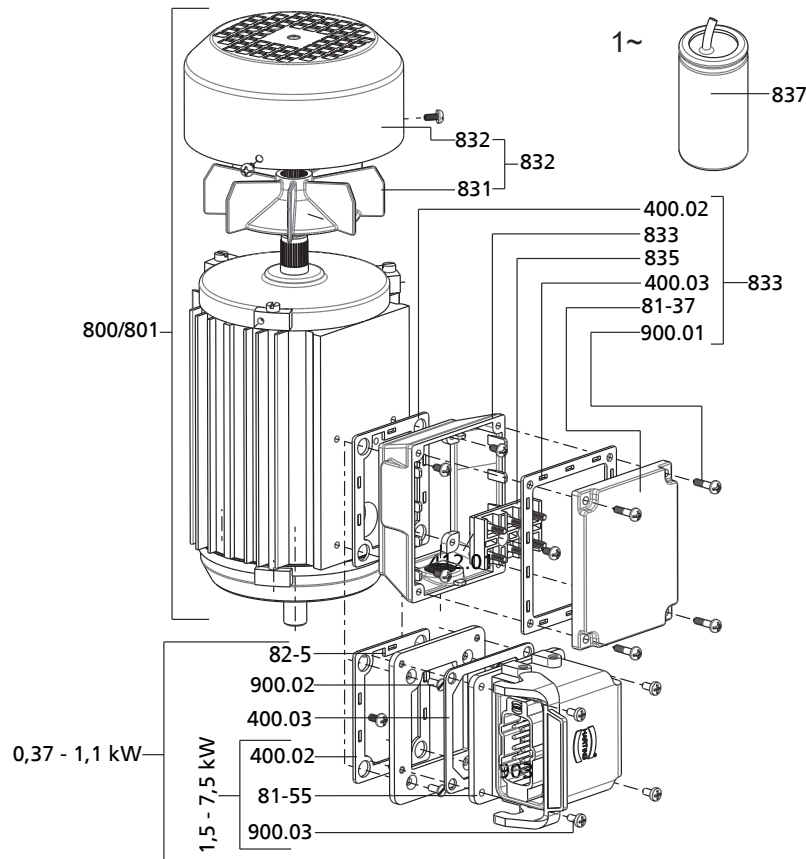


Fig. 29: Exploded view of motor

Table 27: List of components

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| Part No. | Description | Part No. | Description |
|----------|--------------------|----------|----------------|
| 400 | Gasket | 831 | Fan impeller |
| 800 | Motor | 832 | Fan hood |
| 801 | Flanged motor | 833 | Terminal box |
| 81-37 | Terminal box cover | 835 | Terminal board |
| 81-55 | Socket | 837 | Capacitor |
| 82-5 | Adapter | 900 | Screw |

9.2 Wiring diagram

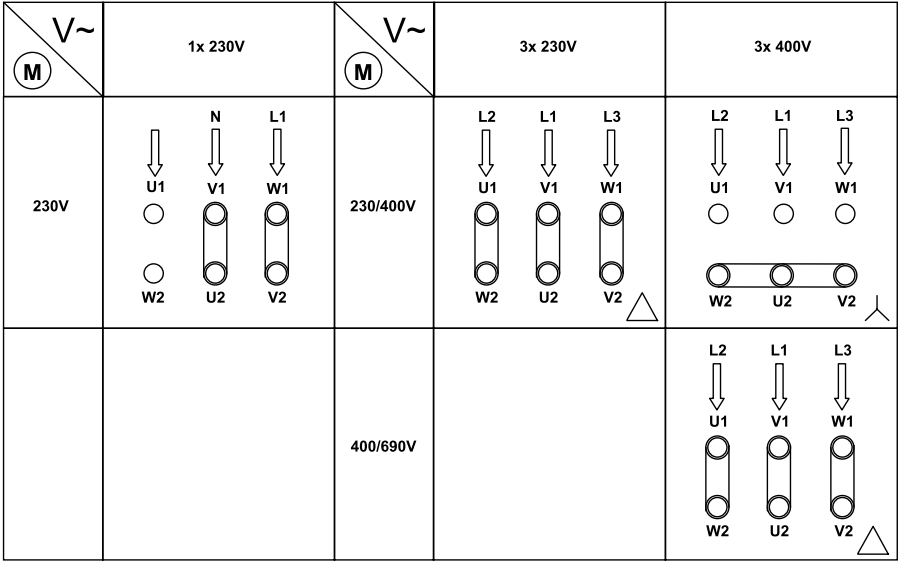


Fig. 30: Wiring diagram, depending on selected motor



10 EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:

**Duijvelaar Pompen
DP Pumps
Kalkovenweg 13
2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn (The Netherlands)**

This EU Declaration of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

The manufacturer herewith declares that **the product**:

DPV/ DPLHS

From serial number: 01/2023 1000000-1

- is in conformity with the provisions of the following directives / regulations as amended from time to time:
 - Pump (set): 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive
 - Ecodesign Directive 2009/125/EC, Regulation No. 547/2012 (for water pumps with a maximum shaft power of 150 kW)
 - Electrical components¹⁸: 2011/65/EU Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)

The manufacturer also declares that

- the following harmonised international standards have been applied:
 - ISO 12100
 - EN 809

Person authorised to compile the technical file:

Ron Bijman
Manager Competence Centre Products
Duijvelaar Pompen B.V.
Kalkovenweg 13
2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn (The Netherlands)

The EU Declaration of Conformity was issued in/on:

Alphen aan den Rijn, 2 January 2023



Ron Bijman
Manager Competence Centre Products
Duijvelaar Pompen B.V.
Kalkovenweg 13
2401 LJ Alphen aan den Rijn (The Netherlands)

¹⁸ Where applicable

11 Certificate of Decontamination

Type:

Order number /
Order item number¹⁹⁾:

Delivery date:

Application:

Fluid handled¹⁹⁾:

Please tick where applicable¹⁹⁾:



Corrosive



Oxidising



Flammable



Explosive



Hazardous to health



Seriously hazardous to health



Toxic



Radioactive



Bio-hazardous



Safe

Reason for return¹⁹⁾:

Comments:

The product / accessories have been carefully drained, cleaned and decontaminated inside and outside prior to dispatch / placing at your disposal.

We herewith declare that this product is free from hazardous chemicals and biological and radioactive substances.

For mag-drive pumps, the inner rotor unit (impeller, casing cover, bearing ring carrier, plain bearing, inner rotor) has been removed from the pump and cleaned. In cases of containment shroud leakage, the outer rotor, bearing bracket lantern, leakage barrier and bearing bracket or intermediate piece have also been cleaned.

For canned motor pumps, the rotor and plain bearing have been removed from the pump for cleaning. In cases of leakage at the stator can, the stator space has been examined for fluid leakage; if fluid handled has penetrated the stator space, it has been removed.

- No special safety precautions are required for further handling.
- The following safety precautions are required for flushing fluids, fluid residues and disposal:

.....
.....

We confirm that the above data and information are correct and complete and that dispatch is effected in accordance with the relevant legal provisions.

.....
Place, date and signature

.....
Address

.....
Company stamp

¹⁹⁾ Required field



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2023-09-12

BE00000377 (1798.821/01-EN)

